SCRATCHING MAKES IT WORSE!
END RINGWORM THIS EASY WAY
JUST APPLY POWELL'S KURAIN. THIS LOTION GIVES INSTANT RELIEF FROM RINGWORM, ECZEMA, DHOBIE'S ITCH & OTHER SKIN AFFLICTIONS. AVAILABLE AT ALL CHEMISTS
Made by POWELLS LTD
Powell's KURAIN
THE SPECIFIC FOR RINGWORM

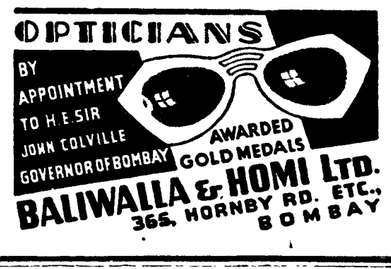
Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXIV NO. 41 BOMBAY: MONDAY, FEBRU ARY 18, 1946 Price: 2 Annas

LIBRARY OF THE ROYAL BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY


OPTICIANS
BY APPOINTMENT TO H.E. SIR JOHN COLVILLE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY
AWARDED GOLD MEDALS
BALIWALLA & HOMI LTD.
365, HORNBY RD. ETC., BOMBAY

'GOVERNMENT MUST BEAR LARGE SHARE OF RESPONSIBILITY'

—MAULANA AZAD

Blocking Of Procession Leads To Riot

Holding Sacrosanct Some Area Of Bureaucracy 'Indefensible'

Youths Advised To Be Disciplined: Holding Of Hartal 'A Grave Mistake': Attack On Church Condemned

CALCUTTA, February 17. (A.P.I.): In a statement on the Calcutta disturbances Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the Congress President, says that the Government must bear a large share of responsibility for whatever has happened. At the same time students and young men must act with a greater sense of responsibility if they are to serve the cause of Indian freedom.

The following is the text of the Congress President's statement:—

"I have refrained from any comment on the regrettable incidents of the last few days while passions ran high and my words might be torn out of their context to contribute to the excitement. Now however the city is returning to normal, and I feel it my duty to place my views clearly before the public.

GOVT. RESPONSIBILITY

The first thing I want to state is that the Government must bear the large share of responsibility for whatever has happened. The attempt to reserve some parts of the City as a special and sacrosant area of the bureaucracy is indefensible, and the citizens of Calcutta are not prepared to tolerate it any more. If the processionists had been allowed to go through Dalhousie Square, nothing would have happened beyond the shouting of a few slogans. The blocking of the procession on the other hand led to the loss of 47 lives, injury to many hundreds, destruction and damage of property and creation of uncontrolled policy was proved once in November last when the police attempted to block a procession from going to Dalhousie Square, and it has proved tragically once again in the incidents of the last few days.

I left for Shillong on the seventh instant. I am told that the Communists were trying to stage a demonstration over the release of Captain A. Rashid of the I.N.A. from the ninth and a section of Muslim students who owe allegiance to the Muslim League joined forces with them. With the help of the Communist party, they took out demonstration on Monday in support of the demand for release of Captain A. Rashid. Obstruction to this procession near Dalhousie Square led to the tragic developments.

On my return from Shillong on Tuesday, I found that the situation had already assumed serious proportions, but from reports from responsible leaders I was led to believe that things were beginning to settle down and would perhaps have quietened down by Wednesday night, but for the intervention of the military. This added provocation led to further excitement, and Wednesday and Thursday saw some of the wildest and most regrettable incidents.

I am convinced that if the Government had contacted responsible leaders of public opinion and acted in concert with them, the situation could have been brought under control.

NEED FOR DISCIPLINE

At the same time I must point out that the students and youngmen must act with a greater sense of responsibility if they are to serve the cause of Indian freedom. Our struggle for independence has reached a state when sporadic and isolated action of individuals and groups serve as a hindrance rather than help. Those who are soldiers of freedom must obey their leaders, for an army in which everyone issues commands ceases to be an army and becomes a rabble. Those Muslim students who owe allegiance to the League should have taken directions from the Provincial League Committee and its responsible leaders instead of confronting them with an accomplished fact. I am sure that if they had approached the League leadership, they would have weighed the pros and cons of each decision, and if they had decided to call a hartal, they would have taken steps to see that the League behaved in a controlled and disciplined manner.

I understand that the President of the B.P.C.C. was approached for calling a general strike of the whole city, but in view of the conditions prevailing and the great hardships of the public, he refused to call for such hartal.

He also had in mind the situation that would arise as a result of such hartal, which would bring on the streets a number of men without any occupation during a troubled time. Anyhow the hartal was held, and this in my opinion was a grave mistake.

Some of the things that the President of the B.P.C.C. had foreseen came to pass. Wednesday saw attacks on military vehicles, on private cars, rickshaws, on individual Europeans and Anglo-Indians and on a convoy of American home bound troops on the Barrackpore road. These are incidents which every sensible and responsible publicman regrets and condemns, but perhaps the worst incident of all was the attack on the Methodist church in Dharamtalla street. I do not know who were responsible for this attack, but it must be clear to all who have the welfare of India at heart, that we cannot tolerate an attack on the places of worship of any community however small.

I have had continuous fever since my return from Shillong, but even then I could not refrain from going to the Methodist Church yesterday and seeing for myself the ravages of the miscreants. Rev. Atkinson, the Minister, was kind enough to show me round and I requested him that he should place before the next meeting of the Church Committee my proposal that damage must be made good by the contributions raised by the citizens of Calcutta. This would in my opinion serve as a proof that in the India of the future, the places of worship of every community would be sacred to members of every other community and to come in touch with the Methodist Church Society.

GOVT. PRESS NOTE

Arising from certain comments in the Press and platform following the recent Calcutta disturbances, the Government of Bengal explain in a Press Note today why in Dalhousie Square and certain areas adjacent to it no public assembly or procession is allowed without the permission of the Commissioner of Police.

It will be recalled that on Abdur Rashid day on the 11th February, certain processions in the Dalhousie Square area were dispersed by the Police and that afterwards disturbances spread over the city.

Government narrate the history of this prohibition order and state that it was not a war time measure, but has in fact been in force since 1936 and was in 1937 endorsed and continued by the Council of Ministers. Its object is to provide a reasonable precaution against possible obstruction, annoyance or interference with the conduct of public or private business in a locality in which the legislative building, Government House, the High Court, the principal Calcutta offices of the Central and Provincial Governments and numerous important business houses are situated. Under the order no public assembly or procession is allowed in this area unless the written permission of the Commissioner of Police is obtained in advance

POWER OF COMMISSIONER

The press note says that under the Calcutta Police Act, the Commissioner of Police is empowered, if he considers it necessary in the public interest, to prohibit public assemblies and processions in any specified area for a period not exceeding 7 days and for longer periods with the sanction of Government. This power was exercised by him to prohibit demonstrations in the neighbourhood of Dalhousie Square for limited periods on many occasions in the past.

SUMMER IN KASHMIR

Enjoy 21 carefree Days in

KASHMIR

INCLUSIVE PRICE RS. 550 PER PERSON PLUS RAILWAY FARE.

Arrangements for Culmarg huts, houseboats or hotel accommodation also made for independent parties by

UNIVERSAL AGENCY

Srinagar, Kashmir.

Book at

INDIA TRAVEL SERVICE LTD.,

16, Old Custom House Road, Fort, Bombay.

'Phone 31750. 'Grams "Indtravel"

Hydari's Appeal To Press

For Maintaining Public Confidence And Correct Lead In Food Crisis

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 17. (A.P.I.): An earnest appeal to the Press for co-operation, giving correct lead to the country and moulding public opinion on right lines was made by the Hon'ble Sir Akbar Hydari, Information Member, Government of India, who flew to Allahabad to-day with Mr. B. R. Sen, Food Secretary, and Mr. P. N. Thapar, Information Secretary, to address the All-India Editors' Conference on the food situation.

CUT OUT ENTERTAINMENT

"It is the patriotic duty of everyone", Sir Akbar said, "to adopt such measures as would release the maximum quantities of grain for areas in short supply. Entertainments and feasts should be cut out and, as far as possible, food should be kept out of the sphere of political controversy".

Appealing for the co-operation of the Press, Sir Akbar stressed the need for maintaining public confidence and for giving a correct lead to the country on the lines of His Excellency the Viceroy's broadcast and the statements of Mahatma Gandhi and Mr. Jinnah.

In addition to a reported shortage of 3,000,000 tons of food grains in the country, Sir Akbar said that it was feared that owing to a failure of winter rains, the 'rabi' crop may also suffer a loss to an equal extent.

EXPORTS CEASE

Mr. B. R. Sen then answered a number of questions. He pointed out that all exports of grain had ceased since August 1943. Army ration had never been mor ethan 1½ lbs. a day that is, the equivalent of a manual labourer's ration and the question of reduction in the scale was now under the consideration of the Commander-in-Chief.

He added that the Food Department was in complete accord with the suggestion of discouraging lavish entertainments and favoured the conversion of private lawns and flower gardens into vegetable plots. In this connection he disclosed that existing Military vegetable farms would be utilised for providing vegetables for civilian use.

The Food Secretary continued that while 400,000 tons of wheat had been allocated for the first half of the current year, no final allocations had yet been made of rice.

FOOD DEPT. CRITICISED

An interesting debate followed in which a number of Editors criticised the Food Department for not giving proper statistics to the Press and the public and a suggestion was made to Sir Akbar Hydari by Sir Ushanath Sen that at frequent intervals the Food Department should hold press conferences and acquaint the Editors with the food situation in the country.

Mr. K. Srinivasan emphatically pointed out that there was no point in asking the Editors to co-operate when the Food Department gave evasive replies to the enquiries made by the Press and the public. He narrated one or two instances in this connection.

In his final remarks, Sir Akbar added that severity of the food shortage would not be of long duration and, "If we can manage the next few months without mishap particularly to the younger people I have no doubt that next year we shall be in a fairly easy street. The people of India would be grateful to the Press if those responsible for moulding public opinion could give guidance to their brethren all over the country."

PRESIDENT ASSURES CO-OPERATION

Mr. Tushar Kanti Ghosh, President, thanked the Information Member and the Food Secretary for having enlightened the Editors on certain questions regarding the food problems and assured that no doubt Editors would fully co-operate with them if they could save millions of countrymen from starvation and death.

He pointed out that the situation could improve to a considerable extent if the Government of India could obtain the active support of various leaders of political parties in the country.

CONSULTATIVE MACHINERY TO CONTINUE

The two-day session of the All-India Newspaper Editors Conference concluded today after passing a number of resolutions. By one of these resolutions, the Conference decided to continue the consultative machinery.

LATE MR. KALINATH RAY.

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 16 (A. P. I.): After the president, Mr. Tushar Kanti Ghoshi's address yesterday, the conference passed a condolence resolution moved from the Chair, on the death of Mr. Kalinath Ray.

After lunch, the conference again met at 2-30 p.m. and listened to Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru on "Law Affecting Press".

A vote of thanks to Mr. S. A. Brelvi the outgoing President of the A. I. N. E. C. was moved by Mr. C. R. Srinivasan of "Swadesamitran" Madras, and seconded by Sir Francis Low, "Times of India" and Mr. Usharath Sen, Mr. Tushar Kanti Gosh, the President also associated himself.

The President and members of the Conference were later entertained to dinner by Sir Maharaj Kumar of Vizianagram.

AVOIDING WASTE

A. I. W. C. President Commends Mahatma's Advice

BOMBAY, February 16 (U.P.I.): Mrs. Hansaben Mehta, President of the All-India Women's Conference has issued a statement commending Gandhiji's advice to women to mitigate the food situation by economising and avoiding waste.

"It is a very wholesome advice and women should take it", says Mrs. Mehta. "However, it is not merely a question of economising. Barring the well-to-do class the women of the class with a low income have been economising for the last few years, or rather over-economising it. The problem before them is how to maintain their own vitality and the vitality of their family if there is going to be a further shortage of food. The problem before every housewife is what food to substitute for the staple food like rice or wheat or milk which are scarce. Here the nutrition experts will have to come to their rescue."

Congress M.L.A.'s To Keep Aloof From Victory Celebrations

NEW DELHI, Feb. 17 (A.P.I.): At a meeting of the Congress Party in the Central Legislature today it was decided that the members of the Party will not attend the victory parade to be held on March 7 or participate in any other victory celebrations.

Seven Crore Subvention For Bengal

CALCUTTA, Feb. 17 (A.P.I.): Provision is being made in the Central Budget for a subvention to Bengal of about rupees seven crores, which will just about balance the Bengal Budget for the present year. Mr. R. G. Casey the retiring Governor, announced this in a message he broadcast from Calcutta station of All-India Radio this evening, wishing goodbye and good fortune to the people of the Province.

NEW PAGE IN RELATIONS WITH RUSSIA

TEHERAN, Feb. 17 (Reuter): The new Persian Prime Minister, M. Ghavan Sultaneh, today promised the Parliament "A new page in relations with Russia." He was speaking on the eve of his mission to Moscow on which he is due to leave tomorrow.

The Prime Minister told the Deputies that he had received a most friendly telegram from Generalissimo Stalin and he hoped that in trying to clear up misunderstandings between the two countries, friendly relations would be maintained on the basis of equality.

MOUNTBATTEN'S WARNING

SINGAPORE, Feb. 17 (Reuter): A warning that "no disturbances, whether organised or unorganised, will be tolerated" was issued by Admiral Lord Louis Mountbatten, Supreme Allied Commander in South-East Asia in a statement tonight.

VICEROY & GOVERNORS CAN GIVE LEAD

Mahatma Says We Must Co-operate With Govt. On Food Front

SEWAGRAM, Feb. 16. (A.P.I.): "Whatever the cause, the fact is that if Government and public do not approach the crisis patiently and courageously, disaster is a certainty. We must fight this Foreign Government on all other fronts except this one, and even on this front we shall fight them if they betray callousness or contempt for reasoned public opinion," observes Mahatma Gandhi in the course of a statement to the Press under caption "What ought to be done" outlining his eight-fold programme for combating impending food crisis.

TEXT OF STATEMENT

Following is the full text of the statement:

"Food crisis should be regarded as a certainty in the circumstances:

"Following should be attended to at once.

"Every person should confine his daily wants regarding food to the minimum consistent with his or her health requirements and whereas in cities milk, vegetables, oil and fruits are available, grains and pulses should be reduced as they easily can be. Starch can be derived from starchy roots such as carrots, parsnips, potatoes, yam, bananas, the idea being to exclude grains from the present diet and conserve those grains and pulses which can be kept and stored. Vegetables too should not be eaten as an indulgence or for pleasure, when millions are denied the use of these things altogether and are now threatened with starvation due to shortage of cereals and pulses.

GROW MORE FOOD

"Every one who has access to any water should try himself or herself to grow some edible for personal or general use. Easiest way to do so is to collect clean earth, mix it with organic manure where possible—even a little bit of dried cowdung is good as organic manure—and put it in any earthern or tin pot and throw some seeds of vegetable such as mustard and daily water the pots. They will be surprised how quickly seeds sprout and give edible leaves. These need not even be cooked but can be eaten in the form of salad.

VICEROY CAN LEAD

"All flower gardens should be utilised for growing edibles and in this connection I would suggest to the Viceroy, Governors and high officials to take the lead. I would ask the heads of the agricultural departments at the centre and provinces to flood the country with leaflets in Provincial languages telling laymen how and what to grow easily.

CALL TO MILITARY

"Reduction should be taken up not merely by civilian population but equally if not predominantly by the military. I say predominantly, for the military ranks being under rigid military discipline can easily carry out measures of economy.

STOP EXPORTS

"All exports of seeds such as oil seeds, oils, oilcakes, nuts should be stopped if they have not been already. Oilcakes if the seeds are sifted of earth and foreign matter are good human food with rich protein content.

"Deep wells should be sunk by the Government wherever possible and wherever required, whether for irrigation or drinking purposes.

"Given hearty co-operation by Government servants and general public I have not the slightest doubt that the country can tide over the difficulty. Just as panic is the surest way to defeat so also will be the case when there is widespread distress impending and prompt action is not taken.

"Let us not think of the causes of the distress. Whatever the cause the fact is that if Government and public do not approach the crisis patiently and courageously disaster is a certainty. We must fight this Foreign Government on all other fronts except this one and even on this, we shall fight them if they betray callousness on contempt for reasoned public opinion. In this connection I invite the public to share my opinion that we should accept the Government professions at their face value and believe that Swaraj is within sight inside of a few months.

"Above all black-marketing and dishonesty should disappear altogether and willing co-operation between all parties should be the order of the day in so far as this crisis is concerned."

MAHATMA ARRIVES IN BOMBAY TO-DAY

Mahatma Gandhi will arrive in Bombay to-day (Monday) morning by Calcutta Mail and leave for Poona tomorrow (Tuesday) by the afternoon train. He will have public prayer tomorrow at 6-30 P.M. at Rungta House, Nepean Sea Road.

Volunteers of the Congress Dal are required to be present at the Rungta House, Nepean Sea Road, to-day at 5 P.M.

FOOD DELEGATION SHOULD HAVE 'REALLY NATIONAL CHARACTER'

Congress Did Not Join Because 'No One Trusts Them', Says Jawahar

SIR FEROZE URGES EXTENSION OF RATIONING SYSTEM

"Food Riots May Lead To Widespread Revolution: 10 Crores Of People Affected"

ALLAHABAD, February 17. (A.P.A.): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in a statement, to-day, declared that the reson why the Congress declined to join the food delegation to Britain and the United States was because it included members who shared the responsibility for the Bengal famine, and on that ground "no one trusts them".

Pandit Nehru said that such a delegation should have a "really national character"

The statement read: "The food situation obviously requires the fullest co-operation of all in order to avert a disaster as well as to spread out the burden on all equally. In particular, the co-operation of the public at large is essential. The question should be tackled apart from political divisions, but it is obvious that the tremendous political tension in the country affects that situation and comes in the way of co-operation between the people and the Government.

BRITISH GOVT. DISLIKED

"At no time previously has the British Government in India been so thoroughly disliked and distrusted by the people as at present. Their handling of the food situation since the war began, and more especially previous to and during the Bengal famine, has been astonishingly bad. Even after the fall of Burma when the supply of rice was cut off, nothing was done. There were no controls or rationing in Calcutta or Bengal right up to the time of the famine.

"Those who are responsible for this both in the Central Government and in Bengal, have been severely condemned by an official Commission of Enquiry appointed by the Government of India. The feeling against them is much stronger among the public, and no one trusts them or considers them capable of dealing adequately with the situation. Yet some of these very men are in the Delegation going abroad. It is not possible for responsible Indians to join a delegation which consists predomi-

(Continued on Page 5)

FIRE AT LONDON STATION

LONDON, Feb. 17 (Reuter): Fire at Victoria Station last night caused serious damage to the station roof and dislocated all traffic entering and leaving the station. The fire, origin of which has not yet been ascertained, threatened to spread across the street adjacent to the station. But after three hours flames were well under control.

STOP PRESS

AZAD IN COMMUNICATION WITH WAVELL

CALCUTTA, Feb. 17 (U.P.I. The United Press of India understands that the President of the Indian National Congress, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, is in communication with the Viceroy in regard to the food situation in the country.

After Mr. Asaf Ali reported the gist of his talks with the Viceroy to the Maulana Saheb, the Congress President it is understood, sent a communication to the Viceroy seeking further elucidation of some of the points raised during the discussion and asking the Viceroy to inform him what concrete and definite steps he contemplated to take to tackle the food problem and what sort of co-operation he wanted from the Congress. Besides, Maulana Azad it is understood, has requested the Viceroy to acquaint him with facts and figures of the food situation in the country.

★ *AUTOMATIC LOCKING DEVICE*

Filing cabinets are equipped with automatic locking device enabling all the drawers to be secured simultaneously by depressing a plunger located at the top of the cabinet.

BALL BEARING SUSPENSION

The most heavily laden drawer slides out with ease and silently. Unaffected by climatic conditions.

FINISH

Hard oven-baked enamel becomes a part of the steel and gives a beautiful glossy finish.

ALLWYN STEEL FILING CABINETS

THE LAST WORD IN FILING CONVENIENCE

To own one of these famous cabinets spells efficiency, security and lasting satisfaction. It makes filing and searching for documents a real pleasure. In a jiffy you get the documents you want. Besides, documents remain safe from fire, burglary and insects. Invest in one.

Allwyn are also famous for their safes, Safe Deposit Equipment, Almirahs, Household Furniture, Hospital Furniture, Locks, Padlocks of the very best quality.

ALLWYN SYMBOL OF EFFICIENCY

HYDERABAD

ALLWYN METAL WORKS, LTD.

Industrial Area, HYDERABAD (Dn.)

GRAMS "ALLWYN"

BOMBAY BRANCH OPP. POST OFFICE MAZAGAON PHONE 41014 SHOWROOMS CHURCHGATE STREET, FORT. PHONE: 20439

FORWARD

PROGRESSIVE POLITICAL WEEKLY

Resumes Publication after Withdrawal of Government Ban

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY

Annual Rs. 12/-: Single Copy -/4/-

Wanted Agents In Every City

FORWARD HOUSE

32, Upper Circular Road,
CALCUTTA.

Fresh from the Garden

Just remember the days WHEN MOST OF US USED TO enjoy the garden freshness-plucking the fruits and eating them then and there. We cannot expect those days to come back or to repeat the same performance. But the garden-freshness can be found and enjoyed in G. G. Jam. The name G. G. is the guarantee for freshness and purity.

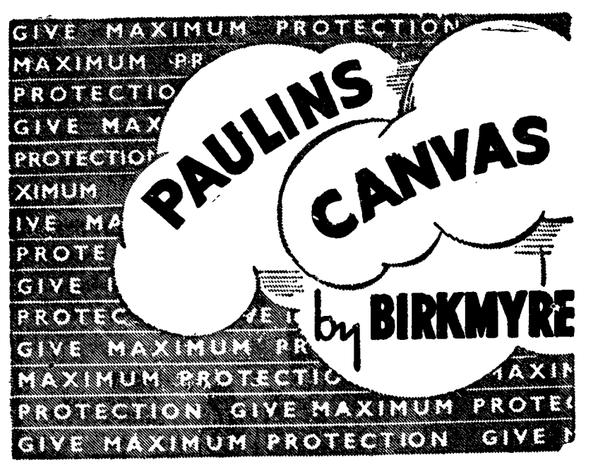
GG BRAND **JAM**

G.G. FRUIT PRESERVING FACTORY - AGRA.

G. G. Products Sales Depots :—

(1) Kitab Mahal, 190, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
(2) P. 40, Mission Row Extension, Calcutta.
(3) Chawri Bazar, Delhi.
(4) M/s. Girdharlal Vakil, Generalganj, Cawnpore.
(5) M/s. Girdharlal Vakil, Darzi Chowk, Bareilly.

G. G. INDUSTRIES



Messrs. BIRKMYRE BROS. LTD.,
Stephen House, Dalhousie Square, CALCUTTA.

Messrs. ANDREW YULE & CO., LTD.,
32 Nicol Road, Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

Messrs. C. DIDWANIA
Sub. Agents for Central India

HAMAM

The rich and fragrant lather of Hamam has made it a popular soap throughout India. We have kept abreast of the rising demand. Stocks are available everywhere. Ask your dealer for Hamam

THE TATA OIL MILLS COMPANY LIMITED.

WS. 5749-

General Smuts Adamant

S. A. Indian Congress Appeal To Viceroy

NEW DELHI, Feb. 17 (A.P.I.): In a cable to the Viceroy, the South African Indian Congress says:

A conference of the South African Indian Congress met at Cape Town to consider General Smuts' proposals announced in the Union Parliament foreshadowing new legislation to deal with the Indian question. The Conference adjourned to enable a deputation to wait on General Smuts with a resolution unanimously passed by it, rejecting his proposals and urging the holding of a Round Table Conference between India and South Africa to settle matters on the basis of mutual discussion. This has been refused, General Smuts maintaining that his was the best solution and could not be retracted. The Conference on resumption deliberated on his reply fully and came to the conclusion that the proposed legislation will seriously limit existing rights to acquire landed property, and result in segregation, curtailing free economic and social development.

General Smuts indicated that legislation would include communal franchise on a separate roll, Indians voting for European representatives on the lines of the representation of natives who have three representatives in house of 150.

The conference has appointed a deputation for the purpose of securing the fullest co-operation from the Government and leaders of India on the stand taken by the conference, namely withdrawal of the proposed legislation and the calling of a Round Table Conference. The situation demands leaders of all parties to make the mission of the deputation successful by press publicity and propaganda work. India's honour is at stake and we respectfully urge immediate action." The cable has been signed by Messrs. A. Ismail, President, Advocate, Christopher, A. J. Kajee S. R. Naidoo, P. R. Pather, Advocate, Minty, Advocate, Hazare, Doctor Y. M. Dadoo, Z. V. Parek, A. S. Kajee, A. M. Moola, S. M. Paruk, Doctor G. M. Naicker, Sorabjee Rustomjee.

RELIGION TO RESCUE SUFFERING HUMANITY

Jinarajadasa's Plea At Installation Ceremony

MADRAS, Feb. 17 (A.P.I.): The installation of Mr. C. Jinarajadasa as the fourth President of the Theosophical Society took place this morning at the Theosophical headquarters at Adyar.

The Vice-President of the Society Mr. N. Sri Ram, after announcing that Mr. Jinarajadasa was elected by a large majority, formally declared him the President of the Society.

Mr. Jinarajadasa said though during the last century the world had been transformed by the researches of scientists and by inventions resulting from them; yet it was an obvious fact that the struggle for existence for men has not become lessened but on the whole has increased, with the fierce competitions among the nations, there is at the moment such misery among the nations as could scarcely have been forecast even at the beginning of the war. In this calamitous crisis of humanity it is strange to note that religion cannot give the builders of the new world an inspiration. The religions have bypassed humanity, or more truly humanity has bypassed, religion.

Mr. Jinarajadasa declared that the only way to build a new world of some happiness for all was by each individual discovering himself in a new way, and it was the task of theosophists to teach men to bring out from within themselves this hidden power for God and beauty. This must be done by teaching the methods of creation of the good the true and the beautiful through spiritual teachings and the cultivation of every form of art. It was by all men of goodwill realising the nature of the divine within themselves and by cooperating to build the new world, that there would at least be an era when war should no longer be possible and competition would give way to brotherly co-operation.

SARDAR'S APPEAL FOR HELP FOR MALAYA MISSION

BOMBAY, Feb. 16 (A.P.I.): An appeal to the public to help the Congress Medical Mission which is shortly proceeding to Burma and Malaya in order to give relief to all who needed it there, in whatever manner possible particularly by making liberal contributons, s made by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel on behalf of himself and Dr. B. C. Roy the organiser of the Congress Medical Mission.

In the course of the apeal Mr. Patel says: "Dr. Bidhan Roy and myself appeal to the public for help, both in cash and kind. We are informed that it is difficult to get the daily necessities of life in Malaya and that they are very expensive. We have therefore decided to give the men their full equipments and necessities barring food to last them for three months. Khaki uniforms, shirts bed clothes, illow cases, mosquito nets, stockins and socks boots, shoes, etc., have to be supplied to them, so that they could devote their whole time in providing medical relief. We desire to give them suitable medicines and pre-requisites for three months. We are also negotiating to send two vans which will be fitted as mobile dispensaries, so that the medical personnel could go to distant places from a centre. We will arrange to let the first batch of the men to go as soon as transport facilities are available to Kualalumpur and then decide on their future course of action. All contributions may be sent to the All-India I. N. A. Inquiry and Relief Committee's Office, which is located in the Congress House, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay 4.

ROUSING RECEPTION TO RETURNING EXILE

Jamal Husseini To Resume Active Leadership Of Palestine Arab Party

(From Our Correspondent).

JERUSALEM, Feb. 7 (By Air Mail).—Man, woman and child of Jerusalem lined up the road from Mount Scopus, north of Jerusalem, to the Damascus Gate and down through the Old City to the Haram esh Sharif, and wainted for two and one half hours to give the returning exiled leader Jamal eff-Husseini, the warmest welcome ever witnessed in Palestine. The air of gaiety resembled that of Nebi Musa festivals. In their enthusiasm, people were stringed to a high pitch for no sooner did the leading car of a convoy of 200 cars appear in the distance at Sheikh Jarrah Mosque outside Jerusalem than clapping and shouting started. Women were "ululing and many threw bunches of flowers at Jamal eff's car.

At Damascus Gate he alighted and after a brief respite walked down through the beflagged streets, hemmed in by the throng and protected by a cordon of police. About 10,000 Jerusalemites were 'reinforced' by an equal number from neighbouring villages, all filled the Temple Area and many joined in the evening prayers, led by the Imam. After prayers, Jamal eff rose to the pulpit and delivered a short speech in which he urged the people to unite and to observe the boycott of Jewish goods, since this was a decision taken by the Arab League in Palestine's interest.

The District Officer, Jerusalem, and District Superintendent of Police were in charge of the ceremonial entry, and no British Constables were detailed to any duties on the occasion. Traffic was diverted for two hours along the Nablus road. With the exception of members of the Palestine Arab Party no party leaders went out to meet Jamal eff. Members of the Supreme Muslim Council had, for the day, gone to Trans-Jordan to offer their congratulations to Emir Abdullah on the impending attainment of the country's independence.

Jamal eff, was given a similar rousing welcome in the afternoon, all along the road from Haifa, where he had stayed for the night following his arrival from Beirut. At Jenin Sifet el Dahr, Deir Sharaf, and at Nablus, villagers thronged to the main road in groups to meet him. His convoy was held up each time and he arrived in Nablus three hours late. The city was gaily decorated with buntings and Arab flags, and at the city's western entrance one large flag carried the inscription, "Long live Haj Amin, Protector of the Quran and the Bible." Jamal eff. lunched at the house of Haj Abdul Rahim el Nabulsi, member of the Palestine Arab Party Executive Committee, and was greeted by the Mayor, Suleiman Bey Toukan. Then at Sinjil and Biren near Ramallah, he stopped for coffee. There were about 5,000 villagers to greet him. "Debka", the national dance and folk songs filled the air, yet all the time recantations of "Seif el Din Haj Amin", prevailed over other acclamations, as though the reception was not for Jamal but for his kinsman, Haj Amin effendi Husseini, the Mufti of Jerusalem.

After prayers in Jerusalem, Jamal eff. motored to Jericho where he has a country house, now occupied by Musa eff. Alami, his brother-in-law, and where he proposes to take a few days' rest prior to assuming active leadership of the Palestine Arab Party, of which he has been leader, and other political activity.

PEACE HOSPITAL (HONAVAR)

An Appeal For Help

The dispensing of medicines at the "Peace Hospital" at Honavar was commenced from the 15th July 1945 and till 31st December 7,000 persons coming from various parts of Kanara District were treated as out door patients for different deseases, fifty per cent being Malarial cases. Forty in-door patients were treated. 35 major and 65 minor surgical operations were successfully performed. Dr J. F. Paes, M. D. (Hons.), Paris Surgical specialist I. M. S. and gynalcologist, is warking at the Hospital as an organiser, Dr. Ramdas Masurkar is working as the Superintendent of the Hospital.

In the absence of a good medical centre in Kanara the Peace Hospital has become as a great boon to the suffering people. Hundreds of men, women and children suffered hitherto for want of proper and adequate medical attention, more particularly in the far distance villages. The village population of Kanara suffers very much from malaria epidemics. Hindus Christians and Mahamedans are all treated at the Hospital without any distinction. Women folk flock to the hospital mostly for gynaecological treatment which has been the crying need of the Kanara District.

The Peace Hospital is well-staffed and well equipped thanks to the generous assistance of charitable public of Bombay and elsewhere. There are yet three blocks for seggregated quarters for infectious deseases i. e. T. B., Typhoid, Small pox and other Infectious cases, to be constructed with fourteen rooms in each block on a very ideal site given by Government for this purpose just opposite the Peace Hospital, on a high hill a road running in between.

Funds are required for the cost of construction of these quarters and also for a seperate maternity home. Donations will be thankfully received by the Rt. Revd. Korepis Kopos George O.S.A. (Director, Peace Hospital Scheme, Honavar), Lusitanian House, Bombay No 2.

I. N. A. RELIEF SCALE

CALCUTTA, Feb. 16 (U.P.I.)—A circular issued by the All-India I.N.A. Enquiry and Relief Committee for guidance of Provincial Relief Committees fixed for the following scale of monthly help for different categories of discharged I.N.A. personnel who may need immediate relief: (1) Sepoy to Havildar—Rs. 20; (2) Staff Officer to Capt. Rs. 40; (3) Major to Colonel Rs. 50; (4) General Rs. 100.

Fire In Military Barracks

DACCA, Feb. 17 (A.P.I.): Fires broke out last night at two widely separated Military barracks near Dhakeswari Temple almost simultaneously. Military and local fire fighters brought the fire under control but not before three kutcha sheds with all their contents were completely gutted. The total estimated loss is about Rs. 15,000. Military pickets have been posted near barracks.

BACK TO THE FOLD

Visas For White Russian Exiles

LONDON, Feb. 17 (Reuter).—Russian passports are being handed out by the Soviet Consulate in Shanghai to Czarist exiles, who escaped during the revolution, says the Shanghai correspondent of the "Sunday Observer."

In the daily line up outside the Consulate, he says, "long bearded old men rub elbows with young fashionably dressed girls as they pass before the rough Consular official who holds a magic wand capable of making citizens of some 20,000 formerly stateless and often a penniless political wanderers.

During the war, he says, "The Soviet Government first inaugurated steps with a view to giving them eventual citizenship.

Opening up the big Tass News Agency office here the Soviet Government began propaganda campaign designed to make pro-Russians out of those, whose homes and families had been ruined and chased out in the days of the revolution. Older emigres who remember the revolution were stubborn in accepting propaganda, but the younger second generation of White Russians picked it up and carried it around like pollen in spring time."

SPANISH MONARCHISTS WOO REPUBLICANS

Terms For Concordat

LONDON, Feb. 17 (Reuter).—Monarchists have made an offer to Spanish parties of the left which "may produce a landslide in the Spanish political scene within the next few weeks", says the special correspondent of "Sunday Observer."

Negotiations he writes, were started at the initiative of monarchists two months ago "who approached leaders of the underground Republican Socialist and Anarcho-Syndicalist parties inside Spain with the following proposals: (1) All to join forces for overthrow of General Franco's regime. (2) The left wing parties to accept provisional restoration of monarchy as the only means of setting at rest fears of the army, the Church and the Conservatives. (3) The monarchists to pledge an immediate general amnesty, freedom of association and freedom of political parties. (4) After nine months free elections to be held as well as a plebiscite on the question of monarchy or a Republic. In the event of the plebiscite deciding on a Republic, provisional monarchy would be considered at the end and king would retire quietly."

The correspondent adds :"The proposals were well received by at least one Republican group and by the Anarcho-Syndicalists.

REIGN OF TERROR IN SOUTH PERSIA?

"New Times" Report

LONDON, Feb. 17 (Reuter).—A commentator writing in the Soviet Journal 'New Times' states: Powerful local chieftains are creating a reign of terror in the South Persian Provinces of Bakhtaria and Fars (North-East of the Persian Gulf)."

The Khans in some cases "fulfil directives of foreign circles whose activities are not in the interests of Persia", the article said. "Often with the connivance of representatives of the Teheran Government and the help of the Gendarmerie they brutally exploit the populace. They receive modern arms through foreign operated gun-running concerns in the Persian Gulf."

The article accuses Khan Mortaza Kooli in the Ispahan region of particularly oppressive measures and alleges that he "shares the profits with influential foreigners."

Complaints have been made to the British Consul concerning Khan Mortaza Kooli's activities, but have proved fruitless," the article states.

BRITISH REPRESENTATIVE WITH ARAB LEAGUE

(From Our Correspondent)

JERUSALEM, (By Air Mail).—Brigadier E. H. Clayton, has been appointed British representative with the Arab League, and will be the first diplomat to be officially accredited, reports the French News Agency from Cairo. Brigadier Clayton was Deputy Director of Military Intelligence at GHQ., MEF. and was later in charge of the Arab Affairs section in the office of the British Minister Resident in the Middle East.

EXTRADITION OF HORTHY & GENERALS DEMANDED

BELGRADE, Feb. 16 (Reuter): The Yugoslav War Crimes Commission in a report issued to-day demands the extradition of Admiral Nicholas Horthy, former Regent of Hungary, Ferenc Fischer Kerestes, former Minister of Interior and seven Hungarian generals so that they may be tried on War crimes charges, the Yugoslav news agency said.

'Victory' Sweets End In Controversy

A Press Note issued by the Director of Information, Bombay, says:—

It was intended to distribute sweets to children in all primary schools in the Province on the Victory Holiday, December 24, 1945. The Bombay Municipal Corporation was requested to make arrangements for the primary schools under its control. The expenditure, limited to eight annas for each child, was to be borne by the Government. The Corporation informed the Government that as all the municipal schools would be closed on December 24, for the Christmas Holidays, it was unable to distribute sweets. The Corporation was then requested to arrange for the distribution on the first working day of New Year. The Corporation replied on January 17 expressing inability to arrange for the distribution of sweets on account of Victory Day. The Government desired to provide sweets to the children in Municipal schools in Bombay City, together with other parts of the Province, but owing to the attitude of the Bombay Municipality this could not be done.

THE BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION CO. LTD.

ELEPHANTA SPECIAL

We have the pleasure to announce that we have kept Special Elephanta Sailings on Tuesdays and Thursdays every week from Tuesday the 19th February upto 31st of May, 1946. The Launch will sail from Ferry Wharf at 7.00 a. m. (S. T.) touching Uran both ways. The tickets for the sailings will be issued on the previous day of the sailings from the Ferry Wharf Office, Alexandra Dock, between 3.00 p. m. and 6.00 p. m. (S. T.).

The concessions will be granted to the recognised Institutions on Tuesdays and Thursdays only. No concessions will be granted on Sundays.

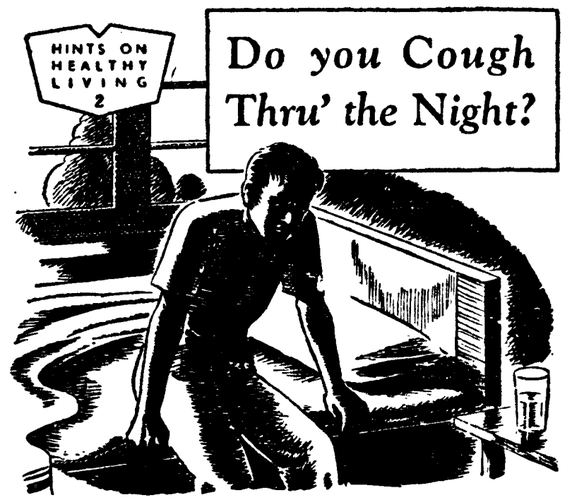
AMRUTANJAN

BRAND

Ringworm Ointment

The Cosmic Ray
FOR ALL SKIN DISEASES!!

G. T. 240 Golden Tobacco Co. *Bombay 24.*



An attack of cold, followed by irritation of the throat —that is the common cough. You may feel it is not serious enough to merit care or attention. You may neglect it—even when it causes you to sit up all night. There is danger in such neglect; your lungs are made of very delicate tissues and cannot withstand the ravages of cough.

Glycodin Terp Vasaka is a proven remedy for cough, widely recommended and prescribed by doctors. It soothes cough at-once by getting to the very sources of infection or inflammation; its curative ingredients soon help to banish cough completely.

In all cases of cough due to serious organic trouble, consult your doctor.

GLYCODIN TERP-VASAKA

SOOTHES AND HELPS KILL COUGH

Alembic Distributors Ltd., P. O. Box No. 213 A, Bombay 1.

ALEMBIC CHEMICAL WORKS CO. LTD., BARODA

AL. 258

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 22 December, 2016

Merriest Marital Tale!

NAVYUG'S

DIN-RAAT

SNEHPRABHA, PARESH

Daily 4, 7, 10. Sun. 1 p.m.
Plans open 10 to 12, 4 to 6 p.m.
2nd WEEK of FULL HOUSES

KRISHNA

PREMIERE FRIDAY 22nd
Shree Vishnu Cinetone's
BHAKTA PRALHAD

Starring: LEELA CHITNIS, ULLHAS, ANANT MARATHE, DIXIT
Plans open Wed. 20th
10 to 12, 4-30 to 6 p.m.
NOVELTY
A 'Select' Release

PRITHVIRAJ'S Great Sterling Performance in
RANJIT'S

Gaurl

SHAMIM — MONICA
Music: KHEMCHAND PRAKAS
CENTRAL
Daily: 4, 7 and 10
Booking 10 to 12 and 4 to 6
'ACME' Release

Winning Fresh Laurels
Eastern Pictures'
ZEENAT

Starring: NOORJEHAN
Directed by:
SHAUKAT HUSSAIN
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.
14th HOUSE-FULL WEEK
SUPER
A "Salma" Release

SWELLEST SONG & DANCE SHOW! 2ND WEEK
KARDAR'S
Film for the FAMILIES
SANYASI

Producer-Director: KARDAR
Starring: SHAMIM, GULAM MOHMAD, AMAR SAKIR
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p. m.
Sunday, Holiday at 1 P. M.
KAMAL
Advance Booking: 10 to 12, 3 to 6
A SUNRICH Release

THE FIRST PICTURE OF
INDIA'S FIGHT FOR FREEDOM
GHULAMI
Daily 4, 7, 10
4TH CROWDED WEEK
A Radium Release
MAJESTIC

IT'S NOW COMING
FROM
FRI. 1st MAR.
AT
MINERVA

Wadia Movietone's
daring exposition of the mind of the modern girl
SHARBATI
A J. B. H. Wadia Production
ANKHEN
Director
RAMACHANDRA THAKUR, M.A.,
★
VANMALA
ISHWARLAL
HARISH, Etc.
Associate Producer
Hilla Wadia
Music
FIROZE NIZAMI B.A.,

WANTED

LADIES and GENTLEMEN for free Medical Advice on all their health and beauty problems, to come personally between 9 A.M. to 12 noon, and 6 P.M. to 8 p.m. or write in detail all difficulties and enclose a self-addressed Stamped Envelope for reply to the "Consultation Deptt." The Otogen Laboratories, 27, Nicholson Road, Lahore.

RANJIT'S
PRABHU-KA-GHAR
Daily: 4, 7 and 10
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

17th WEEK!
Minerva's Popular Hit
EK DIN KA SULTAN
Daily: 4, 7, 10. Sun. 1 p.m.
NEW WEST END

4th CROWDED WEEK!
Maheshwari Pictures'
RAGNI
SMRITI, NAJAM, ARUNA,
TAJ Daily 4, 7, 10 p.m.

11th BIG WEEK
PRAKASH Pictures'
HAMARA SANSAR
Daily 4, 6-45 and 9-30
Matinee on Sunday at 1 p.m.
CAPITOL
An Evergreen Release

MUSICAL MARVEL!
Jamuna Productions'
RATTAN
Starring: SWARNALATA
Daily: 4, 7, 10. p.m.
Plans open 10 to 12, 4 to 6 p.m.
6th HOUSEFULL WEEK
IMPERIAL
A Diamond Select Release

Even Cricketeers
Are Raving over
Associated PICTURES'
AMEEREE

Directed By: P. C. BARUA
Starring Barua, Ramola, Jamuna Ahin, Molina
2nd HOUSEFULL WEEK
Daily: 4, 7, 10; Sun. 1 p.m.
LAMINGTON

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Magh Vad 2, 2002.
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Avval 15, 1365.
Parsi: Shehrever 18, 1315.
Sunrise 7-6 a.m. Sunset: 6-40 p.m.
Hightide: 01-28, 13-36.
Lowtide: 07-41, 19-27.
CORPORATION MEETING: 3-40 p.m. (S. T.).

To-day's Engagements

PRIMARY EDUCATION DRIVE: Meeting at 6 p.m., at New Kumbhar Chawl Compound, near Currey Road, M. M. Boys' School, Delisle Road, Bombay 13. (Marathi).

MAZDAZNAN: Science Evening to-day, at 6 p.m., at Alexandra Girls' School Hall, Waudby Road. Speakers will speak on various topics of science.

WARLI DEFENCE AND RELIEF FUND COMMITTEE: Public meeting will be held to-day, at 6 p.m., at Blavatsky Lodge, near French Bridge, under the presidentship of Mr. N. M. Joshi.

YOUTHS' OWN UNION: 'Literary Flashes' to-day, at Cama Oriental Institute's Library Hall, at 6-15 p.m., sharp. Only for members and friends.

P. & T. UNIONS: Mass meeting to-day at 6-30 p.m., at Jinnah Hall, near Congress House, V. P. Road to consider the following agenda:—Increase of Dearness Allowance; Revision of the Scales of Pay; Revision of Pension & Leave Rules; Retrenchment of Temporary Men; Recent announcement of Sir Gurunath Bewoor on the platform of Central Legislative Assembly; Support to Federation of Post and Telegraphs Unions.

CONGRESS SEVIKA DAL'S G. O. C. informs that all Sevikas and Kumarikas are required to be present at Rungta House, Napeansea Road, in uniform on duty for Gandhiji's prayer at 5.30 p.m., to-day (Monday). Those who do not know the place should come to Congress House at 5 p.m. sharp, from where a batch will go there.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY WOMEN'S COUNCIL: Conference on Women in Industries, Trades and Professions —from 11 a.m. to 5 p.m., at the University Convocation Hall, (Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday).

MODERN GYMNASTICS: Rhythmical Movements Classical Dance Gertrud Hanova—Magda Hanova and Pupils in aid of Dadar School for the Blind and Czechoslovakian Children at the Excelsior Theatre Sunday, 24th February, 1946 at 10-15 a.m. Tickets Rs. 12, 9, 6/8, 4, 2/8, 4/4. Available at Moser Glass Showroom, Dhunraj Mahal, Apollo Bunder.

MARATHI AND HINDUSTANI SHORTHAND CLASSES—The Hindustani and Marathi Shorthand classes under the auspices of the B. P. C. C. will start from today (Monday) at the Congress House, from 8-30 a. m. to 9-30 a. m. and 7-30 p. m. to 8-30 p. m.

Those who have registered their names can attend either morning or evening class convenient to them.

SIR IVON TAUNTON ENTERTAINED—The Maharashtra High School held a party to honour Sir Ivon Taunton, C.I.E., Educational Adviser to His Excellency the Governor. Rao Sahib, Principal N. M. Kale extended warm welcome to Sir Ivon and offered congratulations on his being knighted and paid a high tribute to the popularity of Sir Ivon both as a Municipal Commissioner and on educational adviser and also in other spheres of public life.

"INDONESIA NIGHT"

In connection with the Indonesian National Day celebrations an "Indonesian Night" variety entertainment will be held to-day at the Sunderabai Hall, Queen's Road, lasting from 6.30 to 8.30 p.m. Dr J. A. D'Souza, Mayor of Bombay will preside. The programme will include Indonesian musical items and dances as well as Hawaiian music and Ambonese songs. A short satire on life aboard a ship is also included in the programme.

Congress Election Centres

The elections to the General Seats of the Bombay Assembly are to be held on March 11, (Monday).

The City Constituency is divided into nineteen Electoral Wards. In addition, there are Electoral Units in the Suburbs.

Congress has opened centres in all the nineteen Wards of the City. Voters are requested to visit these centres to find out their numbers.

The Congress House, Vithalbhai Patel Road, is ready to serve all voters in the City in every manner necessary.

ASSEMBLY ELECTIONS — Five lakhs of voters of Bombay City and Suburbs will be called upon to elect nine members to the Bombay Assembly on March 11. There are three constituencies, each electing three members. The following are the constituencies: (1) ABCD Wards (Fort-Mandvi-Bhuleshwar-Girgaum), (2) E-F Wards (Byculla-Parel), (3) G-Ward (Dadar) and the Suburban District.

Congress candidates are put up for all the nine seats.

Every voter has three votes. Congress wants every voter to give one vote to each of the three candidates for a constituency.

UNIVERSITY ELECTION—The Registered Graduates of Bombay University are entitled to elect one member to the Bombay Legislative Assembly. The Congres candidate is Shri B. G. Kher. He is being opposed by Mr. Bhide of the Hindu Mahasabha. The method of voting is sending the voting paper by registered post to the Collector of Bombay.

AGRICULTURAL DEBTORS RELIEF ACT

The Bombay Agricultural Debtors Relief (Amendment) Act, 1946, having received the assent of the Governor-General, is published in the 'Bombay Government Gazette' dated February 14.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

MONDAY, Feb. 18.

BOMBAY—1.

244 m (1,231 kc/s)—8-0 a.m. News (H) 8_15 News (E) 8-30 Mohammad Khan Desai Faridi 8_50 News (M) 9-0 News (G) 9-10 G. J. Vatve 9_30 Mirabai Badkar.

12-0 p.m. Women's Programme 12_45 News (M) 12_50 News (G) 12_55 News (H) 1-0 Jyotsna Bhole 1_30 News (E) 1-40 Music 4_20 School Broadcast 5_0 Mohammad Khan Desai Faridi 5_15 Folk-Songs of Maharashtra 5_45 Topical Talk 5_55 Locals 6-0 "Kavya Vachan" 6_15 Pinakin Trivedi 6-30 News (E) 6_40 News (H) 6_45 Sharda Kharod and Party 7-0 "Our Musical Instruments" 7-30 Bhimsen Joshi 8_0 Bhadram Bhadra Comes to Life 8_15 News (M) 8_30 News (G) 8-45 "Ek Divsache Birhad" 9_0 News (H) 9_15 News (E) 9-30 B. B. C. News Relay 9_40 Programme Parade 9_45 "This Week in Bombay" 10-0 Hilda Flanders 10_10 Dancing Time.

INTERESTING EXHIBITION OF JADAV'S PAINTINGS

"A Scene of the Kulu Valley" a painting by Mr. Chhaganlal Jadav, an exhibition of whose works is being held at the Bombay Art Society's Salon, Rampart Row, Fort.

The Beauty Of Kulu Valley

Mr. Chhaganlal Jadav, who has organised for the first time in Bombay his one-man show of paintings at the Bombay Art Society's salon, Rampart Row, is not a stranger to art-circles. He is a capable and versatile artist and is well-known for his contribution to Indian painting; but he deserves additional recognition as an able landscape painter in the western style. In the present exhibition he has brought on the screens over fifty exhibits which are views of Kulu Valley, Kashmir and a few places in Gujarat and which are noteworthy for the clarity of execution and finish.

Several delightful spots in Kulu valley are represented in a set of thirty-four exhibits. Mr. Jadav has patiently studied snow-clad peaks, fleeting clouds, light and shades at different hours, slopes and plains, and falls and flow of rivers and recorded them in paint with accent, in every painting, on whatever he selects as the focus of attention.

The very first exhibit provides a fine view of the valley as seen from Manali. "Source of the Bias" (26). "The Bias Falls" (32), "River Bias From Manali" (5), "Kulu Mountains beyond the Pines" (2), "Fleeting Clouds at Manali" (25) a few others are vivid impressions of select situations. They reveal Nature's beauty in Kulu valley.

The set of Kashmir views is smaller but is not less interesting. "Purple and Green" (41) is very pleasing to the eye. Other exhibits which are worthy of notice are "On way to Amarnath" (42), "Shah Mandan on the Jhelum" (38) and "Light and shadow on Marmukh" (35).

Mr. Jadav returns to Gujarat after his fruitful trip to Kulu valley and Kashmir and presents to the visitor equally delightful views of a few places in the province like "Rajgiri-Palanpur" (49), "On the Banks of the Narmada" (48) and "The Narmada at Chandod" (52).

The exhibition for which Mr. Jadav has brought ample material of interest is worth a visit before it closes this evening.

D. G. V.

Congress Parliamentary Board Meets To-day

Mahatma Gandhi is arriving in Bombay to-day (Monday).

A number of prominent Congress leaders are already in the city in connection with the meeting of the Congress Parliamentary Board which will meet again at Congress House at 1 p.m. to-day.

Dr. Pattabhi Seetaramiah arrived in Bombay on Sunday, So did Mr. Harekrishna Mehtab and Mr. Viswanath Das. They have come here in connection with nominations to the Orissa Assembly.

Mr. T. Prakasam has also come here in connection with the nominations from Andhra. Both nominations from Andhra and Tamil Nad will be considered by the Central Parliamentary Board at its meeting on Monday.

CONGRESS NOMINEES FOR C. P. ASSEMBLY

BOMBAY, Feb. 17 (A.P.I. The Congress Central Election Board has sanctioned the following nominees to contest the elections to the C. P. Assembly on Congress ticket from Nagpur province.

1 Nagpur city Sjt. S. T. Dharmadhikari, 2 Nagpur City-Women: Smt. Vimalbai Deshpande, 3 Nagpur-Umred Rural: Sjt. R. B. Kumbhare, 4 Katol-Saoner Rural: Sjt. Bhikulal Chandak, 5 Ramtek Rural; Dr. W. S. Barlings, 6 Chanda-Wardha Urban: Sjt. Satyanarayan Bajaj, 7 Hinganghat-Wardha: Sjt. Gopalrao Kale, 8 Arvi Rural: Jagjivanrao Kadam, 9 Bhadara Nagpur-Urban: Capt. Paranjpe, 10 Bhandara Sakoli-Rural: Sjt. Makade Guruji, 11 Gondia Rural Chaturbhuj Jasani, 12 Warora Rural: Sjt. R. K. Patil, 13 Chandra-Brahmpuri Rural: Sjt. Kathade Vakil, 14 Gadhchiroli Sirocha Rural: Bapuji Pathak, 15 Nagpur University: Dr Minhay-ul-Hasan, 16. Commerce: Abdullabhai Taherali.

MUSLIM:

1 Wardha-Chanda: Mehfuzul Kabir Siddiqui.

SCHEDULED CASTES

1 Nagpur City-General: Hemachandra Rao Khandekar, 2 Nagpur-Umrer Rural: Lalendra Ramchandra Wasanik, 3 Hingharghat-Wardha Shankarrao Sonavane, 4 Chanda-Tolarem Chandrabhan Sakhore, 5 Bhandauxe Sakol: Harnuji Gajbhiye.

Investiture At Govt. House

BOMBAY, Feb. 17 (A.P.I.)—His Excellency the Governor of Bombay will hold an investiture at Government House, Bombay, on Tuesday, March 12, at 9-30 p.m. for recipients of honours, titles and police awards resident in the city of Bombay, the Bombay Suburban District and the Districts of Ahmedabad, Kaira, Broach, Panch Mahals, Surat, East and West Khandesh, Nasik, Thana and Kolaba. Letters of invitation have been issued to those whom His Excellency proposes to invest.

Need For Medical Relief To Far Eastern Countries

CALCUTTA, Feb. 16. (U.P.I.): The hope that the Government in India and the United Kingdom should realise that effective medical relief to a large number of people of distressed areas in Malaya, Singapore and other Far Eastern countries should be arranged for by all agencies, official and non-official, working in co-operation is expressed by Dr. B. C. Roy, Organiser, Congress Medical Mission, and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel in course of an appeal issued to the public for help both in money and in kind.

WOMEN'S ROLE IN NATION BUILDING

Lady Jehangir's Plea At Conference On Trades And Industries

"The problem in which women have a deeper and more intense interest and in which full co-operation is necessary is, I believe, that of the nation building department, which includes health, education, housing and social reforms", observed Lady Cowasjee Jehangir, inaugurating the Conference of women in Trades, Industries and Professions at the University Convocation Hall, Bombay on Sunday evening.

MRS. DONGERKERI ON COUNCILS WORK

Mrs. Dongarkeri, the President of the Bombay Women's Council observed in her welcome speech that annual meetings of an organisation help renew its contacts with the public.

She referred to the social work the Council was doing in co-operation with the Municipality and added that though it was a women's organisation its work was not restricted to purely women's problems, for the simple reason that their problems became the problems of the society.

WOMEN'S ROLE

Lady Jehangir in her inaugural address said that it was only proper that the Bombay Women's Council, the oldest organisation of women should draw attention to women's problems.

Speaking about women's achievements during the hard days of war, she emphasised that, "when evil is ruling over good it is time for women to play her role." She wished the Council success in organising training centres for women in health, education, housing, etc.

She deplored the apathy of the Government and the municipalities towards problems of people's health food and housing.

She urged women to take up teaching and nursing which were necessary for the progress of a nation.

PRESENT EDUCATION ILL-SUITED

Continuing she observed, "If woman has to be a mother, wife and citizen, it is essential to reshape her present-day education which is most ill-suited to enable her to do service of national importance."

Congratulating the Council upon its valuable work, she said that women should derive inspiration from it and not look upon it as a means for safeguarding their rights.

Mrs. Hansa Mehta in her speech stressed the need for a polytechnic institution for women in Bombay. Referring to the problem of employment for women, she observed that women should also turn to trades and not depend upon office jobs only.

WOMEN MUST FIGHT FOR THEIR RIGHTS

Mr. U. M. Mirchandani, Municipal Commissioner, gave some valuable information about conditions under which women were employed in Bombay. Striking a humorous note, he asked women not to depend upon men to give them rights but asked them to fight for them. The evenings session concluded with a vote of thanks moved by Mrs. Bharucha, the Vice-President of the B.P.W.C.

MESSAGES

Messages were received by the conference from, among others, Mrs Sarojni Naidu, Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Shrimati Kamaladevi and Mrs. Rameshwari Nehru.

There will be a morning and an afternoon session today. Mr. Rustomji, Mrs. Mehta, Mr. V L. Mehta, Mis Khandwala and others will speak.

SURREY MANUFACTURING CO., LIMITED

Manufacturers of Writing cases, note cases, Wallets, Cigarette Case, Purses, Note Books, Jotters, Diaries and Photo Frames

Particulars from their Agents

Asia Imports Limited
251, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

No. 3

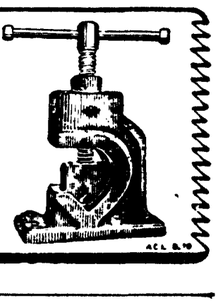
FREE
Hundred Years Calender
and
Indian Pen Model, 1945 together with illustrated catalogue of Standard and New Gold ornaments is given away absolutely FREE. A sample set comprising of 4 fancy bangles, 2 rings, Bombay Fashion, one pair ear-rings, one chain with locket and a set of 4 buttons along with a pair of studs is also offered to interested persons who apply now before the concession is withdrawn.
Karkhana Naya Sona (B.C.)
Anarkali, Lahore.

Your FAVOURITE I. E. W. FANS ARE Now AVAILABLE
Book YOUR ORDER TO AVOID DISAPPOINTMENT
The INDIA ELECTRIC WORKS Ltd
6, SIR PHIROZSHAH MEHTA ROAD,
BOMBAY

YOURS FOR A
Beauty Bath
KANTI SOAP

SWASTIK OIL MILLS LTD., BOMBAY 15.

TRADE DOLOHAR MARK
ENGINEERS MODEL PIPE VICE
Obtainable from all reputable dealers
Bombay Agents.
H. S. COX & CO.,
24, Rampart Row BOMBAY



Remember
THE NAME OF THE FABRICS
That
● Served you well BEFORE THE WAR
● Served the Allies DURING THE WAR
● Will serve you well IN THE FUTURE

Dhariwal FABRICS
SOON NOW A WIDE & VARIED RANGE OF DHARIWAL FABRICS WILL BE AVAILABLE
THE NEW EGERTON WOOLLEN MILLS, DHARIWAL (PUNJAB)

DEAFNESS

& All EAR Troubles Guaranteed Cure KARAMAT OIL Rs. 2/- Postage Free On 3 Phials
BALLABH & SONS,
(Eye-Ear Specialists),
PILIBHIT, (U.P.)

WEATHER CHART

POONA Feb. 17, (A. P. I.): Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st Nov. 1945, and departure from normal recorded at nine hours (I. S. T.), on 17th Feb., 1946:—

Ahmedabad 90 68 0 0 minus 0.3, Ahmednagar 86 56 0 0.3 minus 1.4, Allahabad 75 57 0 1.0 minus 0.9, Bangalore 87 63 0 0.7 minus 2.7, Baroda 91 67 0 0 nil, BOMBAY 86 71 0 0.4 minus 0.5, Calcutta 93 65 0 0 minus 2.0, Cherrapunji 70 54 0 0 minus 4.8, Cochin 87 76 0 14.4 plus 5.7, Colombo 88 72 0 9.9 minus 13.4, Cuttack 94 66 0 0.6 minus 2.1, Delhi 84 54 0 0 minus 2.1, Gorakhpur 79 62 T 0.3 minus 1.1, Hyderabad (Dn) 84 65 0 10.5 minus 1.4, Indore 83 55 0 0 minus 1.1, Jamshedpur 91 66 0 nil, Karachi 78 60 0 0.1 minus 1.0, Lahore 80 48 0 0.1 minus 2.1, Lucknow 67 57 0 10.1 minus 1.7, Madras 85 71 0 17.4 minus 3.7, Mahabaleshwar 75 54 0 0 minus 2.0, Nagpur 81 62 0 0.6 minus 1.6, Pachmarhi 72 55 0.1 0.3 minus 2.0, Peshawar 74 45 0 2.1 minus 0.3, Poona 85 57 0 0.2 minus 1.2, Quetta 67 27 0 2.8 minus 1.7, Shillong 69 45 0 1.8 minus 1.1, Srinagar 58 34 0 22.4 minus 4.4, Surat 89 66 0 0 minus 0.6.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

A good deed is never lost: he who shows courtesy, reaps friendship; and he who plants kindness, gathers love.

—Richard Brooks.

The Bombay Chronicle

FAMINE RELIEF

The Viceroy's broadcast, Mr. Godfrey Nicholson's speech in the food debate in the Commons, and all other available reports on the subject make it clear beyond a shadow of doubt that India is threatened with an unprecedented famine. The British Independent Labour Party's National Council warns the United Nations' Assembly that "unless world aid is sent to India tens of millions of people will die". Nor does Mr. Godfrey Nicholson exaggerate the situation when he remarks that "if grave political difficulties during the next few months in India are added to conditions of famine in many parts of the country, the situation hardly bears contemplation". There need be no doubts about political difficulties. In the words of the Independent Labour Party, the Indian people will revolt if there is a wide-spread famine, "for they will not tolerate in their midst an alien occupation which lives well while they starve".

These things need to be said because they suggest an essential and urgent remedial measure, to set up at the centre immediately a popular Government that is capable of mitigating the threatened evil through public co-operation and of allaying discontent. This point is not so much as referred to by the Viceroy in his broadcast. But Gandhiji has rightly emphasised it in his suggestions to His Excellency in his article on the subject in the current issue of "Harijan". In that article he says: "We must first put our own house in order as far as may be and at the same time demand from the foreign Government that since they mean what they say, let them at once replace the irresponsible executive with elected and responsible members from the Central Legislature, however archaic and based only on a limited franchise it may be. There is nothing to prevent the Viceroy from doing this to-day". Gandhiji has reason to be confident that "this one act will restore confidence and allay panic". This one act will also release all the resources of popular co-operation, in the production of more food, in its preservation and equitable distribution and also in combating corruption.

As regards specific relief measures, the Government of India has decided that, instead of continuing the present rations in the hopes of getting adequate imports before long, the less risky course should be adopted of reducing our rations immediately. It is therefore decided that the basic cereal ration all over British India should be cut from 1 lb. to 12 ounces with four ounces more for the heavy manual labourer. The Viceroy himself admits that even the present ration is small and that the reduction will make it more inadequate. The Government, which would certainly have claimed credit if it had, with due precautions, averted the present crisis, must be justly blamed for its failure to avert it and for inflicting utterly inadequate rations on the whole country. As Gandhiji points out, "scarcity of rain is by no means a monopoly of India" and other countries "have made themselves fairly independent of rainfall during a season or two", while the Government of India "has only tinkered with the problem". However the decision to cut the rations now and to spread the deficit over the whole year and over the whole country is a leser evil than to leave things to chance and let some parts of the country enjoy higher rations at the expense of others.

Far more important is the question of growing more food Gandhiji rightly observes that a campaign for this is a greater necessity now than it was during the war and suggests that "every thing possible should be done to draw water from the bowels of the earth". This work, including the use of rivers for irrigation should be given priority over road-building in the schemes of finding employment for the demobilised soldiers. All will share the Viceroy's hope that "every one who can, will grow as much additional food as possible, wherever possible, whenever possible, vegetables, potatoes, sweet potatoes will all be valuable" But Government should do a great deal more than give general exhortation. The Collector of every district who is able to get full information about its agricultural possibilities, should give detailed suggestions to the people as to what food may be grown in particular areas and how and should also give every possible facility to the public in carrying out his suggestions. If any Collector fails to attend to this work promptly enough the people should take the initiative and get him to help them. We have no doubt that in every district funds and a number workers will be available for famine relief. But the work, to be effective, must be well planned. And in carrying out the plans all should co-operate, officials and non-officials, irrespective of communal and political differences.

Mrs. Aruna Asaf Ali

To-day, Mrs. Aruna Asaf Ali dominates the imagination of patriotic India. And deservedly so. Her life "underground" for nearly four years was no picnic. To live at working day and night needed not only courage and endurance but a spirit of service and sacrifice which are the possession of very few. It is only in the fitness of things that Aruna Asaf Ali has become the living symbol of the will to freedom of a great people that has lost patience with the intolerable conditions of subjection to a foreign imperialism. She will live in the history of India's long and great struggle for freedom which at last is within sight. At the mammoth meeting on the Chowpatty sands last week she envisaged a comprehensive programme for carrying out the last stages of the struggle. And at a meeting of women on Saturday she urged them to take their rightful place in these stages. "We have to arm ourselves", she said, not with swords—but with charkhas and march from village to village carrying the message of the struggle to the masses. The charkha has already played a notable part in the struggle by stimulating Swadeshi in general and the boycott of foreign cloth in particular. In the next few months it can be a much-needed blessing to millions of villagers by adding to their scanty cloth and earnings. And by helping to popularise the charkha in village after village Mrs. Asaf Ali will have played the role of a ministering angel in addition to her many services to the country. To-day the country faces one of the gravest crises in living memory, the spectre of famine more wide than that of Bengal. There was recently a report that Mahatma Gandhi had discussions with Mrs. Asaf Ali on the subject. With her unique popularity energy and sympathy for the poor and the down trodden she can make an extremely important contribution to the fight against the famine that threatens so grimly.

Frankly Speaking

Significant Verdict

The results for three seats in North-West Frontier Assembly have yet to be announced. But, whatever, happens to them, Congress has won a resounding victory much more decisive than even in the elections of 1937. In a House of 50 Congress has already captured 29 seats which represents an absolute and solid majority. To these 29, however, must also be added the two seats won by the Jamiat ul Ulema candidates. The majority thus becomes even more solid. But that is not all. Out of the 38 Muslim seats, Congress has won 19, the Jamiat 2 and the Muslim League with maximum effort and maximum support, only 15. It is an extremely important result. For the Frontier Muslim has given a clear and categorical verdict against Pakistan and nullified Mr. M. A. Jinnah's stand.

Where There's Will.....

We are not surprised that following Poland's demand the Yugo-Slav Government should also have protested against the presence of emigre Polish troops in Italy or that M. Vyshinsky should have brought the Yugo-Slav note formally to the notice of the Security Council. It may be that all this is part of the Anglo-Russian struggle in the Security Council. It may also be that the British are painfully astonished by the Polish note because negotiations between the two Governments were already going on on the subject. But the fact remains that the decision regarding the anomaly of the existence of a vast unrecognised Polish army has been delayed long enough and Polish impatience is not altogether unreasonable. The point, however, we want to emphasise is the fact that the Security Council allowed M. Vyshinsky to bring the Yugo-Slav note before it. We make a present of this fact to Sir Edward Benthal and Mr. Weightman, who did not know what the Indian Delegation could do to bring India's sentiments on Indonesia to the notice of the Security Council.

What's The Position?

The Security Council on Saturday night "settled", as Reuter says, the Levant question by adopting the United States' resolution which expresses co fidence that foreign troops will be withdrawn as soon as practicable and that negotiation to that end will be undertaken without delay. This does not give the whole story, the details of which we await. The United States' resolution, was preferred by the Security Council to another proposed by the Egyptian Delegate which differed from the former in that it demanded the immediate opening of negotiations between Britain and France and the Levant States. Why did the British and the French oppose immediate negotiations? Another feature of the proceedings was that the Soviet Delegate who was in favour of the Egyptian proposal excercised the right of 'Veto' against the United States' proposal. Since under the rules such a "Veto" defeats a resolution, in this case, the United States proposal, what exactly is the resulting position? The Levant dispute is of interest further because it brought into opration for the first time the first time the Big Power "Veto." It was in our opinion, used in a good cause but, even apart from the fact that it does not seem to have helped Syria and the Lebanon, the danger is always there of a Big Power vetoing effectively a good and just case.

"Pat" Must Go

I have been a keen follower of big Cricket for many years. I, therefore, feel very keenly about the wrong decision taken by the Board of Control for Cricket at Madras in appointing the Nawab of Pataudi as Captain of our team visiting England this summer. How wrong this decision is, has been aptly proved by what happened yesterday at the Cricket Club of India in the Zonal Match between the Northern Zone and the Eastern Zone.

When the Eastern Zone had been skittled out for a very poor score, the Nawab of Pataudi, for reasons best known to himself, chose to bat in the 8th position, instead of coming as he should have done in the first three. In his declaration in one of the local papers published this morning, the Nawab of Pataudi does not explain his reasons for coming so low down. Why did he choose to come in this low position Heaven only knows! He did not bat for more than an over and in complete ignorance of the M.C.C. Rules declared his innings closed. Surely a great cricketer the Nawab of Pataudi used to be, should know well the M.C.C. Rules, but I submit that it is so many years since the Nawab of Pataudi took part in first class cricket that he has not only forgotten all the rules of the game, but was unable to satisfy the 20,000 critics who came yesterday to witness his present form. It was quite apparent that the Nawab of Pataudi was suffering from "nerves" so that he failed to take up the challenge thrown at him by the cricketers of Bombay. It is not too late yet, and if there is any sportmanship left in the Nawab he must on his own accord resign rather than make a fiasco of our team in England. Gone are the days when Indian cricket was in dire necessity of princely patronage. We want to play serious cricket and we certainly don't want to put up a "tamasha" show as we have done in the past. Bombay, the heart of Indian cricket, must protest and keep on protesting vehemently until Vijay Merchant, India's acknowledged Number One Cricketer, is reinstated to the position of Captain for the visiting Indian Cricket Team.

Bombay, 16-2-46.

RUSSA MEHTA.

Deposition Of Maharaja Of Rewa

(By PUNDIT SUNDERLAL)

We are so much engrossed in bigger problems, and there is so little sympathy left in the minds of most of us for the Princely Order, that the deposition of Maharaja Gulab Singh of Rewa has not attracted as much attention as it ought to have done. Yet there are certain facts about the case which at least in fairness to the deposed Maharaja, ought to be brought to the public notice.

The first important issue is the right of the representative of the British Crown to depose the Maharaja. The relations between the King of England and the ruler of Rewa are governed by the treaty of 1813, which was drawn up at the instance of the British Government to secure the help of the Rewa State in the suppression of the Pindarees.

The treaty was concluded between the 'Sovereign Ruler of England' on the one part and the 'Sovereign Ruler of Rewa' on the other as equals. It does not give to the King of England or any of his representatives the right to depose any ruler of Rewa. The subsequent engagements or committee reports are all unilateral and, therefore, they cannot alter the position of the parties. Thus what the Crown Representative has done has no basis in legal right, but only in the right of might.

NOT GUILTY

Another important thing which has very much clouded the issue in the eyes of most Indians is the personal character of the Maharaja. Apart from the fact that not many princes are like the Caesar's wife above suspicion, the following consideration must be kept in mind when judging Maharaja Gulab Singh. Not long ago serious charges were brought against him. A commission of enquiry was appointed by the Crown Representative, which consisted of three Indians and two Europeans. After examining a number of witnesses and long drawn out deliberations the commission found by a majority that the Maharaja was "not guilty" of the charges brought against him. The majority report went even so far as to say about one of the principal prosecution witnesses, mainly on whose evidence the prosecution was based, that the witness was a 'liar', a 'hypocrite,' an 'arch conspirator' and a 'blackmailer.' Evidently there was a conspiracy which apparently failed. After the result of the enquiry the Maharaja ought at least to have been reinstated with full powers. Yet the Crown Representative chose to send him back to his hereditary State and imposed some conditions on him. The Maharaja had to accept them because he was helpless and he made this fact absolutely clear.

THE REAL CAUSE

Let us now come to the real cause of the Maharaja's misfortune.

In view of the decision of the enquiry commission it is wrong to imagine that the Maharaja has suffered, because of shortcomings in his personal character. For cases can be cited of Indian princes having much more unenviable reputation, enjoying full favour of British Indian authorities. Even otherwise representative of the British Government in India have never shown much anxiety about the personal character of Indian princes. I shall give only two illustrations from personal knowledge I deliberately omit names. Some time back a religious minded Rajput Prince personally requested me to provide him with a good religious minded tutor for his son and heir apparent, as he did not like to send the young prince to Chief's College. I selected for him a tutor who was religious minded as well as a graduate of a British University. There was some correspondence between the Rajput Prince and the Political Department at the end of which the chief was definitely informed that if his son was not sent to the Chief's College and was educated under his father's care at home the son might not be permitted to inherit the gaddi. I may repeat that the father was a religious minded elderly Rajput with absolutely spotless reputation as far as personal character goes. I may also add that the son after his education at the Chief's College evidently lost both his religion and character. I give another instance. I was sometime back talking to a young ruler who had recently married a new and second Maharani while the former senior Maharani was still alive and even had children. I expressed my disapproval of his act and of a few other similar allegations against him. The young ruler got up from his chair. His colour changed. He signalled his few attendants present at a distance to leave the hall. When all alone with me he began to explain to me the causes or rather the beginnings of his lapses. I cannot repeat his words. I simply give the substance in my own. He told me how during the 8 or 10 years that he was at the Chief's College, his personal tutor was changed eight or ten times, how his European tutors judiciously introduced him to both women and wine, how when his elderly tutor would sit freely on the bed with his wife he would send for his princely pupil, seat him on a chair in front of the bed and explain to him how it was something natural that everybody did, how he was supplied with and taught to appreciate nude pictures, and how the young daughter of the tutor was often made to appear almost nude before him. The young prince pathetically asked me after [illegible] sad story if I did not wonder that after all that training he had preserved even what little personal purity he had. I do not want to multiply instances but surely it is impossible to suggest or to imagine that Maharaja Gulab Singh has suffered on account of any of his personal human frailties.

INDEPENDENT RULER

Let us understand the real cause. Recently I was in Rewa. I had talks with Maharaja Gulab Singh as well as with most of the prominent public men of the State. I believe the information that I gathered, is, therefore, sufficiently reliable. Whatever his other failings Maharaja Gulab Singh is a self-respecting man of some independence of character. I give below some of his acts which one after the other went on deepening the gulf betwen him and the political department and which cultivated in his final deposition.

(1) Remembering the treaty of 1813 he always maintained that his status was equal to that of the ruler of England and not to that of his Representative in India. He carried the consciousness of this equality into all his formal dealings with the Crown Representative, undoubtedly to the dislike of the political department.

(2) After the 2nd Round Table Conference Maharaja Gulab Singh went to Germany without caring for the approval or otherwise of the representatives of the so-called Paramount Power. He required an electrical expert for his State and he chose the cheaper and abler nominee of a German firm and not the dearer and less able nominee of an English firm.

(3) There was the question of erecting an aerodrome in Satna within Rewa Territory. Maharaja Gulab Singh was not disagreeable to the proposition. But he was anxious that the interest of the ryots concerned should be amply safeguarded. There were hitches. The plan dragged on. Ultimately the British Administrator, appointed with full powers during the Maharaja's temporary absence at Indore, took advantage of the opportunity and the aerodrome was hastily constructed in 1942 without much regard for other considerations.

(4) In the early days of the War and machinery, securing maximum non-official co-operation and entrusting responsibility for this on non-official voluntary organisation wherever possible.

8. Encouragement and subsidies for growing more vegetables to supplement foodgrains for poultry farming, bee-keeping and concentrated fodder crops such as lucern, gajar, jawar purely for fodder, etc.

9. Encouraging cultivation of strips of land along railway lines outside station limits to make the railway permanent way staff self-sufficient in the matter of cereals and vegetables and reducing pressure on the available general supplies.

10. Provincial of more good quality double-purpose breeding bulls and heifers to increase progeny and milk supply.

11. Securing greater protection of crops from destruction caused by herds of cattle of nomadic tribes, rats, and other wild animals, crop diseases, seasonal insect pests, etc.

12. Utilisation and adoption of surplus military equipment such as tractors, bull dozers, oil engines, tools and transport vehicles by reserving them for purely agricultural purposes.

13. Encouraging co-operative farming, especially in backward and semi forest areas, with a view to increase yield and eliminate wasteful methods.

14. Securing greater uniformity in the rationing of foodgrains, sugar, kerosene in urban, semi-urban and rural areas to inspire greater confidence among the agricultural population.

(5) In the matter of raising war subscriptions Maharaja Gulab Singh had in the very beginning promised a lac of rupees from State funds. He paid the whole amount not in cash but in kind, thus reserving the trade-profit to his subjects. As for realisations from his subjects he was of opinion that if the lancet was to be applied, it should be applied to the parts where the blood was more congested. He tried to get as much as he could from the richer jagirdars but avoided oppressing the poorer and the lower middle classes of his subjects. Almost everybody in Rewa complained of how these realisations were made under the direct regime of the Political Department. We have all sufficient experience of such things in British India.

(6) In the matter of recruiting, too, for the war, the Maharaja, while quite willing to help the British authorities to the extent that was reasonable, was not prepared to bring as much pressure upon his people as some other princes had done. He did not like to drain the manhood of Rewa. It is a small but significant fact that during the time that Rewa directly supplied only 300 recruits, Jubulpore outside the Rewa State recruited 1 600 Rewa men. I need not say anything about the methods of such recruitment.

The annual revenue of the Rewa State is almost equal to that of Udaipur, and in the matter of such donations and subscriptions Maharaja Gulab Singh generally tried to follow the example of his compeer the Maharana of Udaipur.

OPPONENT OF CORRUPTION

Maharaja Gulab Singh was even in other ways very mindful of the interests and welfare of his subjects before the first mishap befell him in the form of the enquiry commission, he had almost rooted out corruption from his State. He would sometimes suddenly motor 150 miles to catch unawares a suspected case of bribery. All State servants knew it and his vigilance produced a salutary effect unknown anywhere in British India.

After his return from Indore Maharaja Gulab Singh actually founded what he called a Bandhava kosh. All moneys paid to the Maharaja as his personal Nazar were deposited in this fund for the benefit of the people. Besides for every hundred rupees received as Nazar the Maharaja added an equal amount from his personal pocket and asked the people also to contribute an almost equal amount. The fund had already grown to about three lacs. It was all to be spent on the education and welfare of the people. A part of it was devoted to mass education, another part to the removal of untouchability and the amelioration of the condition of backward classes in the State. Yet a third part was devoted to the revival of the spinning wheel and of hands weaving. A number of new schools were opened. A young student of Rewa was selected to proceed to some foreign country for study. Strange as it may sound the Political Department raised objections even to this fund and especially to the opening of new schools not directly under the control of the new administration.

Maharaja Gulab Singh of Rewa has been deposed by order of the Crown Representative of India. Let nobody shed a tear over his deposition. The question of his reinstatement does not arise and is outside the pale of practical politics. Nobody is anxious for it either—not even Maharaja Gulab Sing himself. Everybody wishes well to the new Maharaja. Yet it is but just that the true facts of Maharaja Gulab Singh's career culminating in his crowning sin of proclaiming the confirment of "Full Responsible Government" on his people be known, so that the significance of his deposition may be properly understood.

HISTORIC ANNOUNCEMENT

Maharaja Gulab Singh's Dashehra announcement will remain immortal in the history of Rewa. Nay, it has an importance in the history of the political development of Indian States. But his deposition makes it clear that the people of Rewa have yet to pass through a heavy ordeal before they can reach the promised goal. The communique of the Crown Representative has already boiled down full responsible Government into some sort of popular Government. Rewa is not without its internal intrigues and conspiracies. Those interested may ferment them and raise other obstacles. But let us hope that the new ruler will prove equal to the heavy task that awaits him. Let us also hope the Crown Representative and the Political Department will be wise enough to see that the people of Rewa reached their cherished goal with as little suffering and sacrifice as possible. If this is achieved I am confident nobody will regret what has happened, not even Maharaja Gulab Singh.

Only one thing more. Surely the late Maharaja could have been treated more courteously in spite of his deposition. Most of those who know the Rewa State and its people are confident that no mishap can happen either to the State or to the implementation of Maharaja Gulab Singh if he is permitted to proclamation if he is permitted to return to his State and pass his remaining days as a subject of his son and a servant of his people.

CASEY'S NEXT JOB

LONDON, Feb. 16 (U.P.I.): Mr R. G. Casey, who is retiring from the Governorship of Bengal to-day is to be the British Empire's representative, on the Four Power Council for the administration of Japan, according to London political circles. These quarters further hold the view that the impending visit of Mr. Casey to the United States is also in the same connection.

FOOD CRISIS IN INDIA

BY CHHOTABHAI S. PATEL.

The recent alarming news about the food shortage in India, with the prospect of famine in several parts, in view of our memories of the Bengal famine, is a topic which deserves our most urgent attention, almost to the exclusion of all others. India being a predominently agricultural country, with its vast resources, it should not have been difficult to make it self-sufficient in the matter of food, had the problem been properly handled and in good time.

With the advent of popular governments in the provinces, it becomes the foremost public duty of all responsible leaders, to undertake a scientific study of the problem and to devise suitable and effective means for its proper and permanent cure.

"The Grow More Food" campaign of the Government was ill-conceived and worse executed, judging by results. Posters and newspaper advertisements in English were a sheer waste of money and paper. The real leaders of the people in whom they had faith and to whom they were prepared to listen and who knew the local conditions alone could have made the scheme a success.

The one sensible step for the Government was immediately to conserve all oil-cakes and manures and to ensure efficient distribution of it. From my own personal knowledge, I can say that the distribution arrangements for the small quantity made available were very defective, the right people not getting it or getting it too late.

Similarly, there was also no proper distribution of seed, much of it going into the black market just before the rainy season. Even when and where it was made available, it was too late and unseasonable or of poor quality, only a part of it germinating, thus lowering the yield appreciably.

Lack Of Irrigation Facilittes

The same sad tale marks the provision of well irrigation facilities. They could have been increased hundredfold, giving bigger crops. But even those that were in existence in the pre-war days, could not be used to their fullest capacity and during the right season. Prices of oil engines and pumps rose to uneconomic heights. For over two years, the arrangements for the distribution of crude oil and kerosene needed to work them were not forthcoming, rendering many facilities idle. Even the crude methods of lifting water by bullocks in leather bags or on water-wheels suffered heavily for dearth of materials.

Grass fodder for the farmers' cattle has become scarce and extraordinarily dear. Grain fodder such as cotton seed, juwar and several other articles are absolutely scarce and prohibitive in cost, involving a lot of red tape in their movement and distribution. The cattle wealth of the country has gone down considerably both in its quality and quantity, affecting the milk yield, an important article of diet.

Our first duty is to raise more food. Industries can wait, not the raising of more food. Otherwise there will be famine, starvation and ultimate chaos, under which no industries can function, not to say, flourish.

I feel that unless the Congress in whom the average man has confidence takes up this question as the first on list, sets up several committees from their trusted local leaders to investigate into all these matters and report immediately to the popular governments, to be followed by immediate action, before the next monsoon set in, the conditions regarding foodgrains supply will detertorate causing widespread distress.

What Should Be Done

I submit below the points on which these committees should make recommendations separately for each area which is agriculturally and economically homogeneous, as the requirements, conditions, social habits and economic and marketing procedure and customs vary from area to area

1. Rational distribution of cultivated land between foodgrains and commercial crops such as cotton, tobacco, oil seeds, fodder, the present orders of Government regarding this being crude and not properly co-related with the soil conditions regarding rotations of crops in each area.

2. More liberal subsidies on areas devoted to the raising of foodgrains and on new fellow land brought under these crops.

3. Cheap provision of irrigation and manure facilities, with a view to taking more than one foodgrain crop in a year, by way of oil engine and pumping sets, crude oil, suitable agricutural implements, good seed in good time before the sowing season and temporary wells. In many areas, temporary bunds, small rivers and nallahs and streams help to raise the water level in the fields along the bank and thus help irrigated crops These should be either undertaken by Government or encouraged by subsidies.

4. More reliable and scientific estimates of crop yields and probable surpluses of each commodity for each season by trained men and not revenue officials detailed for this duty.

5. Complete overhaul of procurement, transport and storage machinery in which the fullest possible co-operation of unofficial leaders should be secured in each unit.

6. Fixing of floor and ceiling prices of foodgrains on a more scientific and rational basis making allwance for transport and distribution costs.

7. Complete and thorough overhaul of the distribution procedure

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT

NEW DELHI, Feb. 16.

Three cruisers of the famous LEANDER class that defeated the pocket battleship GRAF SPEE in the battle of the River Plate in December 1939 are with the agreement of His Majesty's Government, to be acquired by the Royal Indian Navy . . . .

The LEANDER class cruisers are of 7,000 tons displacement, with a speed of more than 32 knots.

★ ★ ★

In a recent article, Mr. R. K. Sidhwa, the Karachi Congress leader demands that the Sind Governor should be recalled.

We beg to differ. We do not question Mr. Sidhwa's reasons and logic. But it's simply no good. If the Sind Governor is recalled a Sind Governor will be called in his place.

★ ★ ★

With two results outstanding the position of parties in respect of Muslim seats in the Frontier Assembly is:

Congress; 19 plus Jamiat-ul-Ulema: 2 and

Muslim League; 15.

We anxiously await a sole authoritative lead to fight our demoralisation.

★ ★ ★

The "New York Times" says that if India is "allowed to starve, the chasm of distrust between the Occident and the Orient will be too wide ever to be bridged in this generation"

In that case not "distrust" but proved conviction.

★ ★ ★

A local contemporary carries a New Delhi report that Lord Wavell wishes to "reconstruct" his Executive Council almost immediately.....

If he does, he had better do so with due regard, and unconditional surrender, to Mr. Jinnah's "vital differences."

★ ★ ★

Let's Share Sacrifices, Says Lord Wavell.

—Headline.

Let's. Do.

★ ★ ★

I would, said the Viceroy, like at once to contradict flatly any rumours that our troubles are due to exports of food.

We all agree, with a good many thick headed ones among us believing that they are largely due, on the other hand to import of administrative irresponsibility.

★ ★ ★

The New Delhi correspondent of the Sunday "Observer"—no need to bother who or what he is—accuses Mahatma Gandhi of political blackmail because in answer to Lord Wavell's request for assistance in famine fighting, he, the Mahatma demanded the price of a reconstructed Government.

In our opinion Wavell must resign and make room for this gentleman.

★ ★ ★

The Sunday "Observer" correspondent then goes on to say: "Mr. Jinnah not for the first time proved himself a bigger man. He attached no condition (sic. sic) to his offer of wholehearted Muslim co-operation in the crisis."

Yes, we really think Wavell must go in order to be succeeded by the New Delhi correspondent of the Sunday Observer", who combines in himself the authentic spirit of a true Britisher and an admirable British journalist.

KINSHIP PATTERNS IN INDO-ARYAN SOCIETY

Prof. Ghurye Describes Compensatory Adjustments Made Consequent On Deprival Of Daughter's Right To Property

"Some Kinship Usages in Indo-Aryan Literature", was the subject of the presidential address of Prof. G. S. Ghurye at the sixtieth annual general meeting of the Anthropological Society of Bombay held on 13th Feb. in the rooms of the B. B. Royal Asiatic Society, Town Hall. Prof. Ghurye was re-elected as President and Prof. K. T. Merchant as Honorary Secretary and Treasurer respectively of the Society.

Examining the patterns of behaviour, the rights and duties of a daughter, a sister, a father's sister, a father, a brother and a brother's son as well as those of a daughter's son and a mother's father as exhibited in Indo-Aryan literature from Vedic hymns to proverbs and folk-songs of modern Indian languages, Prof. Ghurye placed before his audience a consistent picture. He pointed out one cultural difference between the Inlandic and the Outlandic peoples, that whereas the latter practised cross-cousin marriage the former seem to have eschewed it very early.

"IN-LAWS"

Elaborating the expansion of the above kinship patterns as the consequence of the satisfaction of the growing need as of individuals, he scrutinized the relationships of father-in-law and daughter-in-law, mother-in-law and daughter-in-law; husband's sister and brother's wife. The pattern revealed by folk-literature does not indicate that harmonious relations come to be established between individuals bearing these relationships. The whole survey tended to prove the insignificance of such an arrangement as cross-cousin marriage to affect essentially the pattern of behaviour of affines.

Customary claims of daughters of the family, special occasions of sister and brother meetings, affectionate regard for a sister's son and religious and social functions of a daughter's son need not be attributed to the influence of customs of a mother-right-society, but can be accounted for as the result of internal development of a society which was fundamentally bilateral in outlook. The survey further demonstrated the limitations of customary adjustments of a compensatory nature in lieu of rights of property.

AMRITSAR, Feb. 16 (A.P.I.): Students of the M. A. College, Amritsar were cane-charged by the police in Hall Bazar this morning when they were holding demonstrations against the conviction of Capt. Abdul Rashid of Indian National Army.

Let All Oppressed People Join Forces To Fight Imperialism

Aruna Asaf Ali's Exhortation At Indonesian National Day Celebration

That the most practical and effective way of helping not only the Indonesians but all Asiatic people suffering from Imperialistic domination is to take steps for the early termination of British rule in India was the view expressed by Mrs. Aruna Asaf Ali and a number of other speakers at a public meeting at Chowpatty, Bombay, on Sunday evening.

INDIA GREETS FREE INDONESIA

The meeting was called by the Indonesian National Day Committee to celebrate the establishment of the Indonesian Republic which was proclaimed by Dr. Abdul Rahim Soekarno, exactly six months ago—on August 17, 1945.

The meeting passed a resolution extending the greetings of the Indian people to the free people of Indonesia and demanding the immediate withdrawal of Indian troops from Java.

Requesting Mrs. Asaf Ali to take the Chair, Mr. O. K. Durrani, President of the Indonesian National Day Committee hailed her as a valiant fighter for freedom. He gave a brief glimpse of the ordeals through which Indonesia had to pass during the short six months of her free existence.

Mr. Abdul Rehman Siddique, M.L.A. (Central), moved the following resolution:

This meeting of the citizens of Bombay held under the auspices of the Indonesian National Day Committee to celebrate the Indonesian Republican Day greets the free people of Indonesia and pledges our solidarity with them in their struggle for freedom which is also the struggle of all Asiatic nations against foreign Imperialism.

"This meeting also strongly protests against the use of Indian troops in Indonesia and warns that further use of them against our Indonesian brothers and sisters shall not be tolerated by the people of India and demands that all Indian and other foreign troops be immediately withdrawn from Indonesia which has declared herself a free Republic recognised and supported by the entire people of India".

SMOTHERING YOUNG REPUBLIC

In moving the resolution, Mr. Siddique pointed out how Imperialist forces were smothering the young Republic. At the hour of their need they spoke sweet words about freedom and democracy and having lured India's young men into the armed forces, Britain was using them to pull other people's chestnuts out of the fire. It seemed as if the atom bomb which knocked Japan out of action also knocked out all good sense from the great powers like Britain, America and Russia.

JAVA'S LESSON FOR INDIA

In 1941, the British, the Dutch and the French ran away in craven cowardice, leaving their erstwhile subjects to the tender mercies of Japan. And now they were shamelessly back again consolidating their hegemony over the oppressed peoples of Asia. It was quite clear that British intervention in Java was no act of altruism but was based on the fear that if Java were allowed to be free, her own position in Malaya, Burma and India might become untenable. The Javanese had taught the people of India how to fight for freedom and he hoped that soon an Indian Soekarno might arise to declare a Republic of India.

Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan, Mr. Purushottam Tricumdas, Dr. Abdul Hamid Kazi and Mrs. Hansa Mehta spoke in support of the resolution. All of them stressed the point tha the struggle of India and Java was the same, that they were both fighting against the same foe and that in fighting for her own freedom India was fighting for the freedom of other enslaved countries too. The last named speaker further pointed out that the use of Indian forces in Java once again proved them a mercenary army. If they were a patriotic force like the I.N.A. they would have refused to fight.

Mrs. Asaf Ali, in winding up the proceedings of the meeting said that for a long time the people of India knew that the last war was a war of rival Imperialisms, a battle between two bandits. It was no war for freedom and democracy, nor an ideological anti-Fascist war, as some people tried to make out. In 1942, the people of India had made it clear that the war was not a people's war. There were two forces in the world—the forces of the oppressed people and the forces of the oppressors. And this fact had now been amply proved in Java and elsewhere.

What was the significance of their passing a resolution that evening, she asked. After all the Indian people themselves were slaves. If they were not, there would be no need to pass such resolutions. They would have sent an Army for the protection of the Indonesian Republic. But now they were helpless and could not send even a few volunteers. It was a matter of shame that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru could not go to Java although he had been invited by the Indonesian leaders, because he was the subject of a slave country.

JAVA'S STRUGGLE FOR FREEDOM

She sketched the course of Indonesia's struggle for freedom and recalled how at the time of the Non-co-peration movement in India, the Indonesian freedom movement had been inaugurated by Miss Kartinin. What Dr. Sokarno had now done in Java was exactly what Babu Subhas Bose did in Burma. Soekarno was a hero who faced all alien oppressors with equal courage. To call him a Japanese 'puppet' was the same kind of lie as calling the Indian people who participated in the 1942 struggle as Fifth Columnists.

NO COMMUNAL PROBLEM THERE

Mrs. Asaf Ali pointed out that there was no Hindu-Muslim problem in Java. The British had not even that excuse to stay and still they were there. It was clear that the European races looked down on all Asiatic nations from the Arab peoples of the Middle East to the Peoples of East Asia, and unless all the oppressed people joined forces to fight them they would try to perpetuate their regime of exploitation and loot.

Mrs. Aruna Asaf Ali In Vile Parle

(From Our Correspondent)

VILE PARLE, Feb. 17.

A dignified exposition of the psychology behind underground work during 1942 was given by Mrs. Aruna Asaf Ali at a public meeting of the suburban residents at Vile Parle on Saturday night, when a mammoth crowd heard her in pin drop silence numerous institutions garlanded her.

She characterised the 1942 movement as the mass upsurge against foreign domination and said that the people of India would not rest content, till their goal was achieved.

She strongly deprecated the wo[illegible]ing of the constitution, and said that the change of heart that Mahatmaji desired in our rulers would never be forthcoming. She asked the people of India to take up constructive work and boycott British goods. She wanted the strengthening of rural India and exhorted the people to prepare and organise for the coming struggle.

Turning to the women assembled, she asked them to remember what befell their sisters of Chimur and Ash[illegible] and asked them to take up the [illegible] to avenge that disgrace. She wanted the national government, when formed to try the police and military for their alleged excesses.

FORM "RANI OF JHANSI REGIMENT"

Aruna's Call To Women To Prepare For Freedom Struggle

"Women can no longer keep away from politics. They will have to play a very important part in the coming struggle for freedom and from now on they should start preparing for it" declared Mrs. Aruna Asaf Ali, addressing a huge gathering of women at the Gujrati Stree Mandal, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay on Saturday.

"Indian Women", she added "must form a 'Rani of Jhansi Regiment' in the country and march from village to village carrying the message of freedom to the masses."

2 KILLED, 26 INJURED IN JAMMU ID CLASH

JAMMU (Kashmir), Feb. 16 (API): Twenty-eight persons were injured and admitted into hospitals as a result of a communal clash in Chawk Chabutra, Jammu City, yesterday, according to a press note issued by the Publicity Officer of Jammu and Kashmir Government. Out of these, two persons have succumbed to their injuries in the hospital.

The Press Note says:—

A procession was taken out through Jammu City by Muslims yesterday in connection with Id-ul-Milad celebrations. At Chawk Chabutra where the streets are extremely narrow, there occurred a clash between Hindus and Muslims who were shouting provocative slogans as a result of which persons belonging to both communities received injuries. Some shops are also reported to have been broken into. Police have made 24 arrests. Funerals of persons who died have passed off quietly. Adequate police and military arrangements have been made for maintenance of public peace.

Sunni Leaders Released

LUCKNOW, Feb. 16 (A.P.I.): Four Sunni leaders, namely, Maulana Zafrul Mulk, Abdul Aziz, Kalimullah Khan and Quari Mohammad Siddique who had been taken into custody under Sec. 15, Cr. P. C. on February 14 in apprehension of breach of peace in Barawafat Day (yesterday) were released to-day.

Hindustani Talimi Sangh

WARDHA, Feb. 17 (A.P.I.)—Reports on Pre-Basic, Post-Basic and Adult Education were considered at yesterday's meeting of Hindustani Talimi Sangha. It is gathered that steps for extending or expanding the activities of Pre-Basic, Post-Basic and Adult Education were discussed.

At the meeting of the Hindustani Prachar Sabha, discussion today centred round propagating and popularising Hindustani, drafting curriculum, preparing text books and other organisational matters. It is understood scheme for starting training college for Hindustani teachers also figured in its deliberations.

U.N.O. COUNCIL ADJOURNS TO MARCH 21

LONDON, Feb. 17 (Reuter).—The Security Council of the UNO adjourned last night until March 21.

REPRESENTATION OF SHIAS

Sardar Assures Congress Will Do Best To Remove Difficulties

BOMBAY, Feb 16 U. P. I.): An assurance that the Congress will consider sympathetically and do its level best to remove the difficulties of the Shia community when the proper time comes, has been given by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel in reply to a letter of Mr. Hoosainbhoy A. Lalljee, President All Parties Shia Conference.

The following in the full text of Sardar Patel's reply which has been released through the United Press of India by Mr. Lalljee:—

"There is no doubt that the Shia community has suffered in the matter of political representation under the system of separate electorates prevailing in India at present. The Shia community being nearly three crores, is by itself a very important minority, and its interests cannot be ignored. Unless something is done to secure their representation by way of reservation of seats in accordance with their population, there is hardly any chance of their getting their due share under present conditions. If the separate electorates are allowed to be continued, their claim for reservation of seats at least is unchallangeable, and I have my full sympathy with their claim.

"The Congress stands for joint electorates. The country has suffered immensely by the system of separate electorates introduced for the purpose of perpetuating foreign domination. It has given no protection to the minorities, but it has more adversely affected minorities within the minorities. It is, therefore, absolutely necessary to abolish separate electorates at the earliest possible opportunity, and we must all work for it. But so long as this vicious system exists, there is no doubt that something should be done to protect the interests of the Shia community, which has been labouring under great disadvantage under the present system.

"I have no doubt the Congress will consider sympathetically and do its level best to remove the difficulties to which you have referred in your letter when the proper time comes".

POST-WAR INDIAN ARMY

NEW DELHI, Feb. 17, (A. P. I.): Recruiting for the post-war Indian army has now been resumed, says a press note. Men are required for all branches of the army, including technical trades

DISCLOSURE OF "SECRET" INFORMATION ON ATOMIC POWER

OTTAWA, Feb. 15. (Reuter): Striking swiftly and silently, the Royal Canadian mounted police detained an unspecified number of persons as the Government launched an inquiry into disclosures of "secret and confidential" information reported to concern atomic power to members of a foreign mission in Ottawa.

The investigation was revealed in an announcement by the Prime Minister, Mr. Mackenzie King, which disclosed appointment of two Royal Commissioners, Mr. Justice Robert Taschereau and Mr. R. L. Kellock of the Supreme Court of Canada who already have begun a secret inquiry.

Mr. King said that Government received "information of undoubted authenticity" which established that there were disclosures of "secret and confidential information to unauthorised persons including some members of the staff of a foreign mission in Ottawa.

COUNTRY'S IDENTITY?

Although no official information is available as to the country's identity, the Canadian press says it learns from authoritative sources that the country is Soviet Russia.

At the Soviet Embassy—where Ambassador M. George Zaroubin is reported to be in Russia—available officials said they had heard nothing of the announcement and did not wish to comment.

MORE SERIOUS THAN IMAGINED.

Mr. King finally said, the Government intended to prosecute those concerned in cases which were warranted by evidence. Some are "far more deeply and conciously involved than others, who possibly would be found to be "more or less innocent instruments in furthering activities much more serious than they may have imagined."

PEARSON'S ALLEGATION AGAINST SOVIET AGENT

NEW YORK, Feb. 16 (U.P.A.): Drew Pearson in the "New York Daily Mirror" today claimed a Russian agent has left the United States for Russia carrying plans of the atomic bomb. Pearson said the agent was one of an army of 1,700 Russian spies operating in Canada and the United States. He said one of them, about to be transferred to Russia, surrendered to the Canadian authorities and disclosed the intrigue.

"A Russian agent was found at Bremerton, Washington. He not only had the plans of the atomic bomb, but samples of metal from which the bomb is made", Pearson said. "United States agents were covering him already to make the arrest, but the State Department ruled otherwise. The agent sailed for Russia. It is hard to believe he took atomic information with him. State Department officials make no comment but apparently they figured that seizing the Russian agent was less important than upsetting the diplomatic applecart with Russia, also that the Russians probably had the atomic bomb already."

RUSSIAN AGENT GIVES NAMES OF 1700

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16 (U.P.A.): Drew Pearson, Washington Merry-Go-Round columnist, today alleged that Canadians took a Russian agent who had given the names of about 1,700 other Russian agents operating in the U. S. and Canada.

The State Department is meanwhile split wide open regarding its pro and anti-Russian policy, with some officials soft-pedalling towards Russia.

ROUND UP OF SUSPECTS IN U. S.?

OTTAWA, Feb. 17 (Reuter).—The possibility of a round up of suspected persons in the United States is being discussed here following the detention of suspects in connection with the disclosure of "secret and confidential" information.

According to rumour, major and minor officials in the United States are involved and at least one high-ranking Government official may face serious charges.

Unofficial circles are generally agreed that the 'secret" involved must be in relation to the Atomic bomb.

Round Up In Canada

OTTAWA, Feb. 16 (Reuter).—Rounding up of suspects in connection with the disclosure of "secret and confidential" information—Canada's first major spy "probe"—was not centralised in Ottawa but spread through other parts of the country, an authoritative source told Reuter tonight.

So far, no one taken into custody has been released. All those detained are being brought to Ottawa where the Government Investigating Committee is sitting.

ATOM LEAK MAY HAVE WORLDWIDE EFFECT

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16 (U.P.A.): The implications of the atom leak by Canada may have a worldwide effect, according to United Press political analyst. It is being pondered at present by American and foreign officials as well as diplomats at the national capital. At every embassy and legation in Washington, this is the main topic of conversaaion. It is believed trat Secretary of State James Byrnes will certainly talk the matter over with Churchill when he dines with him at Miami tonight.

Meanwhile, a leading diplomat at the Canadian Embassy denied to the United Press persistent reports that Canadian Prime Minister Mr. Mackenzie King, met President Truman secretly to discuss the whole atom spy question, but these reports still linger in diplomatic quarters.

Canadian officials here are maintaining strict security silence on the Ottawa revelations, but they appear to be deeply impressed by the implications.

"Secrets Passed On" To Foreign Mission

OTTAWA, Feb. 17 (A.P.A.): Several fairly prominent Government employees were reported by high quarters to be involved in a sensational disclosure of Russian "fifth column" at work in Canada.

Among the Governmental Departments said to be involved are the External Affairs and the National Council, the latter being the custodian of Canada's knowledge of atomic energy.

It is believed that some of the atomic secrets have been passed on by "secret and confidential informants" to a foreign mission.

RUSSIA'S 'FIFTH COLUMN' IN CANADA

The Canadian Press News Agency last night reported that a reliable source alleged that evidence gathered by counter-espionage squads had disclosed that Russia was gradually building up a large spy service in Canada—almost a fifth column."

The source added that possibly scores of persons would be detained by the Royal Canadian mounted police before the raids conducted for rounding up men responsible for leakage of atom information.

The source said that it doubted whether the persons detained had "passed on anything which in itself would prove harmful."

Preliminary investigations were launched several months ago, the informant said, after a Canadian Agent had lost his nerve and "spilled the works." The Canadian decided to confess, the source added, when he returned to his flat in Ottawa one night, and found it had been rifled.

The Canadian press quoted its sources as saying the detained persons' "information would fit into a broad intelligence pattern and, more important, contacts had been established for future use.

"Most of these persons entered the Russian Service quite innocently. They provided information which was almost common knowledge. Then they found themselves under strong pressure to continue in the Russian service.". The source added.

At Washington, the White House said President Truman was fully aware of the Canadian investigation before the announcement was made in Ottawa.

The Presidential Secretary, Mr. Charles Ross, said Premier MacKenzie King had discussed the investigation with Truman last November during the tripartite atom energy discussion which England's Prime Minister Attlee also attended. Mr. Ross denied that the Canadian Premier had made a "secret visit" to the President but added Truman had been kept informed on the investigation through the State Department.

SARAT'S "S.O.S." TO PETHIC-LAWRENCE

Release Detenus Nominated For Elections

CALCUTTA, Feb. 17. (A.P.I.): Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, chairman of the Bengal Congress Election Board, has wired to the Secretary of State for India and the Viceroy, asking that the Bengal Government should be instructed to release the seven security prisoners who have been nominated as Congress candidates in the forthcoming elections to the Bengal Legislative Assembly.

The detenus are:

Mrs. Lila Roy, Mano Ranjan Gupta, Purna Chandra Das, Bhupendra Kumar Dutt, Jyotish Chandra Joarder, Jnanendra Chandra Majumdar and Satya Ranjan Bakshi. February 19 is the last date for filing nomination papers.

PETHICK-LAWRENCE TO VISIT INDIA IN APRIL

LONDON, Feb. 16 (Reuter): Political quarters in London believe that the British Government in an important statement on India which is expected to be made within the next few days, will announce that the Secretary of State for India Lord Pethick-Lawrence and the Under-Secretary of State Mr. Arthur Henderson will leave for India shortly, cables Fraser Wighton, Reuter's political correspondent.

It is expected that the purpose of such a visit by two Ministers—who, it is suggested, may be accompanied by a third important person—is that of consultation with the Viceroy, Lord Wavell and various Indian nationalist leaders on the setting up of a Constituent Assembly to draw up a new constitution for India.

WHEN THEY WILL COME

The date suggested for the departure of the Ministers is April and although there is no confirmation to be obtained, such a time would seem in accord with the general probabilities.

Andhra Candidates For Madras City

Pattabhi And Prakasam To Meet Central Board At Bombay

MADRAS, Feb. 16. (U.P.I.): The Andhra Provincial Congress Election Board at its meeting yesterday recommended the names of Messrs. Prakasam (South Central), B. Jagannadh Das (City South), R. R. Davalai (City North), Guntur Narasinha Rao (North Central) for election to the Provincial Assembly from the four general constituencies in the Madras City and Mr. V. Damodar Rao from the City Constituencies for election to the Madras Legislative Council (Upper House).

A joint meeting of the Andhra, Tamil Nad and Kerala Provincial Election Boards was also held today to select candidates for the common seats in the Madras Assembly, namely four general seats one University seat, one women seat and one commerce seat.

It is understood that there is unanimity regarding nomination for certain seats and difference of opinion in respect of others. The approved names as also recommendations of each committee regarding disputed names are being submitted to the Central Parliamentary Board. It is also understood that the Tamil Nad Provincial Election Board has recommended the name of Mrs. Radhabai Subbarayan as a candidate for election of the Council of State in the by-election caused by the death of Mr. Narayandas Girdardas.

An A.P.I. message adds that the name of Dr. Syed Abdul Latif of Hyderabad, a Nationalist Muslim who sought Congress support for his candidature of the University constituency has been recommended by one of the boards.

Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Mr. Kala Venkata Rao, Secretary of the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee and Mr. Madhav Menon, President of the Kerala Provincial Congress Committee are leaving for Bombay to-night by mail to attend the Central Parliamentary Board meeting. Mr. T. Prakasam, President of the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee will fly to Bombay to-morrow morning.

As the representatives of the Madras Congress Parliamentary Boards will arrive in Bombay only in the course of to-morrow and the day after to-morrow the Central Parliamentary Board has been requested to take up for consideration selection of candidates from Madras only on Feb. 17.

N.W.F.P. ELECTIONS

PESHAWAR, Feb. 17 (A.P.I.): Khan Bahadur Kalun-Din (Muslim League candidate) has been declared elected to the Frontier Provincial Assembly from N. W. F. P. Town Constituency. He poled 6,238 votes while his rival Mukhdum Shah (Ahrar) candidate polled 4,967, while the third Independent candidate Purdin Khan got 38 and forfeited his security.

The following is the party position: Congress 29; Muslim League 17; Nationalist Muslim 2. Akali 1.

Nawab Qutab Ud Din of Tank (League) has been elected to the Frontier Legislative Assembly from Dera Ismail Khan Dist. Tank Constituency. The following is the result: Nawab Qutabuddin (League) 5,474, Abdul Hamid Khan Kundi (Congress) 4958. Gazi Khan (Independent) 620. Gamma (Independent) 177. The security of the last-named candidates has been forfeited.

Ambedkarites Top Poll

NAGPUR, Feb. 17 (A.P.I.): Candidates belonging to the Scheduled Castes Federation (known as the Ambedkar Group) topped the poll securing the highest number of votes in four out of five Scheduled Castes reserved constituencies in which voting took place in the primary election last week, according to the official information received at the office of the Election Commissioner at Nagpur.

PUNJAB ELECTIONS

MONTGOMERY, Feb. 17. (A.P.I.): Mian Abdulhaff (League) has been declared elected to the Punjab Assembly from the Okara constituency. The following is the result:—Mian Abdul Haq (League) 13,324, Nur Mohd (Unionist) 1,834, the Unionist candidate forfeited the security.

Two more Muslim League candidates have been declared elected to the Punjab Assembly from Gurgaon District. They are Mr. Ahmed Jan and Mr. Mahtab Khan.

Mr. Ahmad Jan has been elected from North-West Gurgaon defeating one Unionist and one Independent candidate, while Mr. Mahtab Khan has been returned from South-East Gurgaon, defeating one Unionist and four Independent candidates. The official report received in Lahore does not give the votes polled by each candidate.

CHECKED UP BY SCOTLAND YARD

LONDON, Feb. 17 (Reuter).—The 'Sunday Dispatch' reports that all atomic research development centres in Britain have come under special security check up by the secret service and Scotland Yard following revelations of a swoop on a spy ring in Canada.

BAN ON RICE CONSUMPTION BY WHEAT-EATING TRACTS URGED

LAHORE, February 16. (A.P.I.): Enforcement of the rationing system on a wider basis in India as a measure to avert the threatening shortage of food was suggested by Sir Feroze Khan Noon, in an interview with the Associated Press of India, to-day. He said: though we in Punjab are not faced with any threat of famine yet we should tighten our belts so as to help the rest of India.

Referring to the ethics of economy in the consumption of cereals, Sir Firoze said: "Consumption of rice by wheat-eating tracts, in times of acute shortage of cereals, should be forbidden by law except on the certificate of a Doctor. If inferior grain is to be consumed in the country it should be consumed by all the rich and the poor alike. Superior grain should not become the monopoly of the rich and the inferior grain the lot of the poor."

"INCORRECT REPORTS"

LUCKNOW, Feb. 16 (A.P.I.): Reports that the present shortage of foodgrains in the United Provinces is due to the export of cereals and, in particular, wheat from this province in large quantities, are characterised as "entirely incorrect" in official quarters.

Resumption Of Indo-Burmese Rice Trade

BOMBAY, (Sunday): Arrangements for the resumption of internal rice trade in Burma by Indian interests which had pre-war business relations have been concluded, the A. P. I. learns. The first contingent of an Indian business group will leave for Rangoon towards the end of this month.

It is learnt that the Rice Conference of India, Burma and Ceylon has been permitted to send back to Burma about 2,000 essential personnel of Indian rice interests in Burma which were having rice trade before the war. Of this number about 700 persons constituting the first batch will leave for Rangoon from Calcutta.

CONFERENCE'S INCORPORATION AS SYNDICATE

The Burma authorities feel, it is stated, that without the Indian rice interests taking their pre-war position in the rice economy of Burma, the rehabilitation problem of Burma would be rendered difficult. A deputation of the conference recently conferred with the officials of Burma Agricultural Projects Board in this connection. It is gathered, that the authorities in Burma have given complete freedom in the internal rice trade of Burma to the Indian business group. The Conference, representing the entire Indian rice trade, will be incorporated as a syndicate and recognised as one of the four agents for the purchase of rice on behalf of the Board. The authorities have agreed to make available to the firms accommodation facilities to enable them to resume normal trade.

Britain Responsible For Threatened Famine

NEW YORK, Feb. 16 (Reuter): Mr. J. J. Singh, President of the India League of America, is quoted by the New York newspaper "P. M." in the story on the Indian famine as declaring that "unless the approaching famine is averted food riots involving 100,000,000 in the drought areas may touch off a widespread revolution in India."

Mr. Singh charges Britain for a large share of the responsibility for the threatening famine, which he says may take the lives of ten million persons if adequate relief is not sent. He declares that the Government of India is doing little to provide against the threat of famine despite the lessons learned in Bengal famine which he describes as "man-made."

"Case Of Stark And Complete Hunger"

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17 (Reuter): The food situation in India was so desperate that it called for the fullest possible support in a matter of weeks—even days—declared the Indian Government Information Officer speaking over one of United States big radio networks last night.

"Ours is not a case merely of food shortage", he said.

"It is a case of stark complete hunger. Even our present ration amounts to 1,500 calories—insufficient by Western standards for adequate nourishment. We have no reserves. We cannot tighten our belts because even now there is little between the belts and bones."

1,500,000 he said died in the Bengal famine in 1943. "Surely the world will not allow millions more to die in the time of peace, which India helped powerfully to win. We raised an army of 2,500,000 and gave without stinting materials both raw and manufactured at the sacrifice of civilian interest. Our people are bearing up bravely. The final answer of the appeal lies in Washington."

FOOD DELEGATION SHOULD HAVE 'REALLY NATIONAL CHARACTER'

(Continued from page 1)

nantly of such people. That would be to flout public opinion and to irritate it still more. THE ONLY PROPER WAY TO ORGANISE SUCH A DELEGATION IS TO GIVE IT A REALLY NATIONAL CHARACTER.

A PARALLEL RECALLED

"In England, in 1940, the abour Party refused to co-operate in the Chamberlain Government in spite of the stress of war, and their earnest desire to help in that war. They felt that they could not accept that leadership and insisted on a change. And when the change came, and Mr. Churchill became Prime Minister, the Labour Party joined him.

"In India the situation is far more difficult, and unless a change a vital change, takes place, effective co-operation is impossible

"Even if some individuals are prepared to give this co-operation they could not carry the people with them and the necessary psychological atmosphere for a combined effort could not be produced."

ASAF ALI DEPUTISES FOR AZAD

NEW DELHI, Feb. 16 (API): Mr. Asaf Ali met the Viceroy to-day and had a 75-minute interview with him on the food situation. The meeting took place in accordance with the desire expressed by Maulana Azad who had been invited to meet the Viceroy but could not undertake the journey to Delhi. After to-day's interview Mr. Asaf Ali made a brief report to Maulana Azad by telephone and will follow it up by a detailed report.

More Members Of Indian Food Mission

LONDON, Feb. 16 (Reuter): Four members of the Indian Food Mission to London and Washington arrived at Hurn airport, near Bournemouth to-night to join the other four members who arrived earlier in the week. To-day's arrivals were Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtullah, Sir Kwaja Nazimuddin, Sir Manilal Nanavati and Sardar Sant Singh.

R

SALE OF SEPARATED MILK POWDER

"Separated milk powder is now available for domestic consumption in Bombay City and the Suburbs from the following authorised distributors." The powder will be sold in 1 lb. and 2 lb. tins on the production of the foodgrains ration card of the head of the family. Not more than 4 lb. can be purchased in one month. The price is Rs. 1-4-0 per 1 lb. tin and Rs. 2-8-0 per 2 lb. tin.

A WARD:—(1) Akbarally Ebrahimji, Cowasji Patel Street; (2) Atlantic Stores, Colaba Causeway.

B WARD:—(1) B. Spencer & Co., Pydhownie; (2) Khoja General Stores, Sandhurst Road East.

C WARD:—(1) Sunshine Restaurant, Thakurdwar Junction.

D WARD:—(1) Sudha Pharmacy, Walkeshwar Road; (2) Popular Pharmacy, Lamington Road; (3) Oriental Stores, Gowalia Tank.

E WARD:—(1) Regal Stores, Palace Talkies Building; (2) Renault Stores and Restaurant, Victoria Gardens Road.

F WARD:—(1) Lal Baug Pharmacy, Sofi Mahal, Lal Baug; (2) South Indian Co-operative Society, Matunga; (3) J. Govind & Co., Furgusson Road.

G WARD:—(1) Amin Brothers, Shaffi Mansion, Lady Jamshedji Road; (2) Popular Stores, New Sewri Road; (3) Robinson & Co., Dadar (B. B. & C. I.).

SANTA CRUZ:—Eastern Stores, Station Road.

KHAR:—Khar Medical Stores, 1st Road.

ANDHERI:—New Railway Restaurant, opp. Andheri Railway Station.

KURLA:— (1) Shah Narsi Dongarsi, opp. Khoja Jametkhana; (2) Kurla Muslim Co-operative Stores, Kadri House

BANDRA:—Bombay Suburban Stores, opp. St. Joseph's Convent, Hill Road.

'Logically Untenable And Morally Indefensible'

Jinnah Criticises Govt. Of India's Policy Of Trial And Punishment Of I. N. A. Men

CALCUTTA, February 17.(A. P. I.): Mr. M. A. Jinnah President of the All India Muslim League, in a statement issued to-day, says that Government of India's press communique concerning their policy of trial and punishment of Indian National Army men, issued last week, is legally wrong, logically untenable and morally indefensible.

The Communique only reiterates what has already been stated by the War Secretary, Mr. Mason, in his speech during the recent debate in the Central Assembly. I am glad, however, to note that it is now admitted "that there is no doubt that in the heyes of the law murder or abetment of Murder is a more serious offence than grievous hurt, irrespective of the brutality or the uncivilized character of either act.

SWEET WILL OF AUTHORITY

This distinction is intended merely to justify the release of Shah Nawaz and to support the untenable policy of the flagrant discrimination adopted in the case of Abdur Rashid on the plea—as if there existed any such offence known to law of gross brutality or uncivilized conduct.

There is no such offence known to law as gross brutality or uncivilized conduct" nor can it be created at the sweet will of any department or its head according to the size of the foot or head of the authority.

Abdur Rashid has been found guilty, rightly or wrongly and in my opinion wrongly, by a tribunal of causing grievous hurt, which is admittedly a far less serious offence than murder or abetment of murder. Therefore, the reiteration of this policy is not the question. The question now for the public is, whether Abdur Rashid should be released and whether, this unfortunate chapter of the policy of the Government concerning trials and punishment of the I.N.A. personnel should be closed. I do not wish to add to the enormous bitterness, passion and excitement that prevail throughout the country. In Calcutta alone 44 innocent lives have been lost and about 700 persons have been injured, to say nothing of the other parts of India, for the simple reason that they wanted to condemn in an unmistakable manner the policy and action of the Government, by exercising their right as citizens to hold meetng, to take out procesion and to stage demonstrations.

CONDUCT OF POLICE

One cannot slur over the conduct of the police, which is basically regulated to suppress free expression and liberty of speech of the people. An impartial tribunal must be appointed to hold an enquiry into this whole affair, wherever firing has taken place. Nor can the authorities get away from their responsibility under the cover of "hooliganism" and "unruly mobs."

I have no desire to add fuel to he fire, but I must express my deep sympathies in their bereavement, for the families and relations of those who have lost their lives or have been wounded, in the exercise of their civic rights as champions of liberty of speech and free expression of their feelings by all legitimate methods.

BLOOD IN EYES

I wish to make it clear beyond doubt that I witnessed all along the countryside from Delhi to Calcutta blood in the eyes of the people over the discriminatory treatment of Abdur Rashid. It has stirred every section of the people and has showed every thinking men. It will be a folly to expect that this action of the Governor or their persistence in it will blow over like a passing storm. It has gone deep into the hearts of the people and I am afraid it will nullify our efforts to co-operate with the Government in the handling of the threatened food situation and other matters of importance facing the country.

Let not the bogey of prestige stand in the way. The prestige and credit of the Government will be enhanced if it does the right thing fearlessly even though mistakes may have been made. Submission the voice of the people is the duty of every civilized Government and it is high time that the Government of India, even constituted as it is, did not fail to rise to a higher plane and set right the grievous wrong which cannot be supported legally, morally or logically."

A LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF OVER SIXTEEN YEARS' STANDING INVITES APPLICATIONS FOR THE SECRETARYSHIP OF ITS BOMBAY BRANCH.

Apply with full particulars to:

Box No. 6646 B. C.

DASHLIGHT MANTLES
FITS ALL INCANDESCENT LAMPS & LANTERNS
UNRIVALLED FOR BRILLIANT SERVICE & LONG LIFE
RADHA KANTO DOSS & SONS LTD.
211, OLD CHINA BAZAR ST., CALCUTTA

You are wide open to attack from germs when your skin is cut or scratched, wounded or burned. But *Milton* will defend danger spots for you. Apply it freely and at once. It will clean, soothe and sterilize, and it is harmless to living tissue. *Milton* has many other uses, too. It banishes perspiration and other odours. (See directions leaflet). It helps to prevent a shaving cut from bleeding and getting infected. It neutralizes the poison of insect bites and stings if applied promptly, preventing pain, swelling and infection. In brief, *Milton* is indispensable in the home and in emergency. Keep it handy—and, when you're not using it, keep your *Milton* firmly corked.

MILTON
THE HYPOCHLORITE ANTISEPTIC

KM 33

Look-
She has retained her loveliness by dusting her skin daily by BORATALC, the medicinal and toilet Talcum Powder.
National's BORATALC
MEDICINAL & TOILET TALCUM POWDER

THE NATIONAL TRADING CO., BOMBAY 2.

Second Meeting With Casey

CALCUTTA, Feb. 17 (A.P.I.): The meeting between His Excellency the Governor of Bengal Mr. R. G. Casey and Mr. Jinnah was resumed today.

Mr. Jinnah arrived at Government House at 12-30 p. m. A crowd at the north gate cheered him as he drove in.

This is the second day of the Governor and Mr. Jinnah having held discussions for about 90 minutes yesterday.

LUNCH WITH CASEY

After the meeting with Mr. Casey, at which Sir Frederick Burrows, the Governor Designate, was also present, Mr. Jinnah stayed on to lunch with His Excellency at Government House. Nawab Zada Liaquat Ali Khan, Mr. M. A. Ispahani Mr. M. A. H. Insahani, who is Mr. Jinnah's Calcutta host, and Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy were among the guests at lunch.

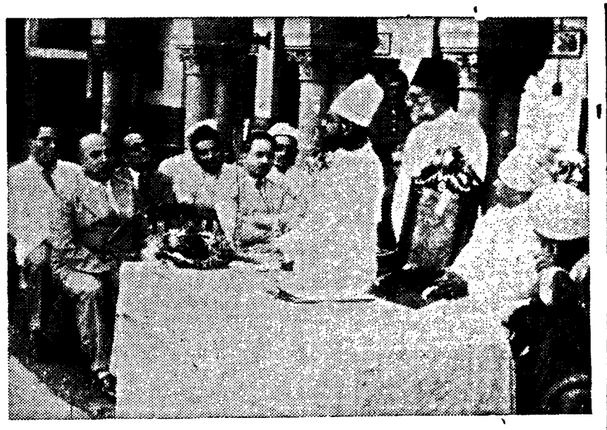
Mr. Jinnah left Government House at a quarter to three. At the northern gate of Government House a crowd had collected long before Mr Jinnah came out. He was greeted with Muslim League slogans which were kept up as the car made its way through the crowd.

Interviewed by an Associated Press representative after his meeting with the Governor, Mr. Jinnah declined to say anything about the discussions.

About his proposed visit to Assam in the last week of February, Mr. Jinnah said that he was going there to study the situation on the spot and see things for himself.

Asked whether there was any truth in the rumour that with both the Congress and Muslim League Presidents in Calcutta now, there was any likelihood of a meeting between them, Mr. Jinnah laughed it away saying "you don't put me such questions."

SINGAPORE, Feb. 14 (Reuter): 24 Chinese and two Malays were killed when a number of Malays, incited by communal feeling started by the Japanese, attacked a Chinese village in Central Malayan highlands, reports reaching here from Raub in the highlands, 90 miles north-east of Kuala Lumpur.



His holiness, Pir Nizamuddin Chisti speaking at the Prophet's Birthday celebrations at Anjuman Islam High School, organised by 150 Muslim Institutions of Bombay. Janab Mir Sultan. Alam of Betha presided. The Consuls for Iraq, Egypt and Iran were present.

TRADE MISSION TO CHINA

Scope Limited To Fact-Finding, Says Chettur

CALCUTTA, Feb. 17 (A.P.I.). "We are going on a fact-finding mission", said Mr. K. K. Chettur of the Commerce Department of the Government of India, who is leading a trade delegation to China, in an interview today to the Associated Press of India. Besides Mr. Chettur, the Delegation consists of three well-known businessmen namely, Messrs. Tulshidas Kilachand, G. B. Kotak and M. S. Mithia and two advisers, Messrs S. A. Jassawal and A. E. Javeri.

It was not a question of exploring a new field for trade, said Mr. Chettur, for trade relations between India and China were about 2,000-years old. But the war had created some difficulties in the way of the return of trade to pre-war level, such as exchange and shipping. The work of the Delegation was to ascertain those difficulties on the spot and find out a solution.

KISAN AGITATION IN NORTH KANARA

N. L. Upadhyaya, Secretary of Karnatak Communist Party, has issued the following statement:

"As one who presided over the North Kanara District Kisan Conference held on 6-1-'46 at Thernamakki, Bhatkal Petha, I can authoritatively state that the reports which appeared recently about the Kisan agitation there are highly exaggerated. Sometime back a report appeared about 'Patri Sarkar' in Karwar which was proved to be false. Such reports are meant only to prejudice the minds of the public against the peaceful struggle of the Kisans for their just demands.

There will further be an invitation to the police to take drastic measures.

The District Conference had endorsed the Charter of the All-India Kisan Sabha according to which the rent should be either 1/4 of the net produce or twice the land revenue whichever is less. However as a temporary measure a partial reduction was demanded pending which the Kisans were called upon to withhold payment of rent.

The agitation started hree months back at Karwar. In spite of pressure from landlords the authorities could not intervene. Now many landlords have given in writing to the Kisan Sabha agreeing to the temporary proposals granting substantial reduction.

ATTACK ON PEACEFUL PROCESSION

The movement has now spread to Bhatkal. Enraged at this the landlords attacked a peaceful procession of the Kisans at Murdeswar with the help of goondas on 31-1-46 injuring a number of Kisans.

The Kisans, however, are marching forward undaunted. Some landlords have already agreed to our demands as they are reasonable and just.

I earnestly appeal to all patriots to support this just struggle of the Kanara Kisans where the land-rent is the highest in Bombay Province."

BARAWAFAT ARRESTS

LUCKNOW, Feb. 15 (A.P.I.): Of the 207 Sunnis arrested to-day 69 were found to be minors below 15 years and were let off with a warning.

Of the 138 who were challenged seven including Nazir Ahmad, were fined rupees 200 each. Among the remaining 131, the majority were fined rupees five each. Those considered by the court as "paupers" were let off with a warning.

MYSORE TO MEET HOLKAR IN RANJI SEMI-FINAL

BANGALORE, Feb. 16 (A. P. I.): The following will comprise the Mysore team to meet Holkar State in the Semi-Final of the Ranji Trophy tournament commencing on March 2 at Indore: P. E. Palia (Captain), B. Frank, C. A. Ramdev, K. P. Ubhayakar, B. K. Garudachar, P. R. Shyamasunder, M. B. Vittal Rao, Abbas Shah, G. M. Rajasekhar, T. N. Murthy, Govindraj, B. Joseph, B. N. Krishnamurthy and E Godfrey.

The team is expected to leave Bangalore on Feb. 25.

Hockey Championship

CALCUTTA, Feb. 17 (A.P.I.): The Inter-Provincial Hockey Tournament (National Hockey Championship) will be held in Calcutta under the auspices of the Bengal Hockey Association from March 4 to March 9. This Championship was held here four times in the past, in 1928, 1932, 1936 and 1938. The entries close on February 20 and the draw will take place on the following day.

The following provinces and states have so far entered: Bengal, Sind, U.P., Central India, Delhi, Punjab, Bombay, N.W.F.P., Mysore and Patiala.

HUBLI, Feb. 14. (A. P. I.): The first South Kanara Students' Conference will be held on February 17 at Mangalore. It is reliably understood that Mr. S. Batliwala has consented to preside over the Conference and Dr. N. S. Hardikar will inaugurate it.

7,000 STUDENTS DEMONSTRATE IN CAIRO

Police Standing By

CAIRO, Feb. 17 (A.P.A.): Seven thousand students demonstrated in the center of Cairo today demanding "evacuation of British troops or revolt."

Truck-loads of police were dispatched to the scene but did not interfere.

Police officials warned the students against attacking British servicemen and British establishments.

Egyptian Prime Minister Ismail Sidky Pasha announced that his cabinet would include eleven independents and three liberal constitutionalists. Sidky himself takes over the ministries of Finance and Interior.

The Saadist party headed by former Premier Nokrashi Pasha, Wafdist and Kotla parties refused to join the new Government.

Makram Abade Pasha, leader of the Kotla party, brought about the downfall of Nokrashi's cabinet four days ago when he resigned as Finance Minister.

The demonstrating students paraded past British service clubs shouting in English: "Down with England: down with the conqueror, down with Bevin."

Egyptian Political Assassination Society Smashed

CAIRO, Feb. 16 (U.P.A.)—The retiring Premier, Nokrashi Pasha, in probably his last official communique, today reported that police have smashed a secret society for political assassinations.

The communique said members had confessed to the murder of the former Finance Minister, Amin Osman Pasha, and the attempted assassination of the Wafdist leader, Mustafa Nahas Pasha.

Acting on information supplied by the society's members, the Communique said, police found the gang's desert arms cache.

Demonstrations In Madrid Streets

MADRID, Feb. 17 (Reuter).—Demonstrations took place last night in the streets of Madrid on the occasion of the tenth anniversary of the election which brought in the Popular Front in 1936.

Leaflets distributed in the streets and inside cinemas said "Spaniards, remember the triumph of Democratic Parties in the Spanish election of February 16, 1936.' "Long live the Republic."

Young men held counter-demonstrations in the streets, 3,000 to 4,000 shouting "Franco-Franco."

POPE BLESSES FRANCO

VATICAN CITY, Feb. 17 (Reuter).—The Pope conveyed his apostolic benediction to the head of Spanish State, his Government and the whole Spanish people yesterday on the occasion of the presentation of credentials by the new Spanish Ambassador Marquis de Aycinea.

13-YEAR OLD BOY ON ASSUALT CHARGE

CHATHAM, (Kent), (UPA): A 13-year-old Gillingham (Kent) boy, son of a naval officer, appeared in court here on a charge of improperly assaulting and causing bodily harm to a girl of six.

In court, he said that routine instruction was given in all schools on biology and the moral aspect of sex.

He blamed these lessons for his attack on the young girl saying that he wanted to find out things for himself.

War Crimes Court Meets "In Camera"

NUREMBERG, Feb. 16 (Reuter):—The War Crimes Court trying Herman Goering and twenty other Nazi leaders was sitting in closed session to-day to consider matters of procedure. On Monday the Court will hear defence requests for an adjournment to permit the study of Russian documents before the opening of the defence case.

Chess Game Lasts 7½ Hours

HASTINGS, (UPA): After 108 moves and a playing time of 7 1/2 hours a game in an international chess tournament held in Hastings has finished —an unprecedented length of time for any such tournament.

The game finished as a draw.

The two rivals were 81-year-old J. Mieses, a German refugee and L. Prins, the former Dutch Resistance Leader—50 years younger than his rival.

RUMANIA RECOGNISED

LONDON, Feb. 15 (A.P.A.)—Britain announced today it has recognized the Government of Rumania.

An American representative confirmed yesterday that the United States had asked Rumania to nominate its Minister to Washington.

WHY LOAN TO DECADENT EMPIRE?

Two U. S. Isolationist Senators Speak Out

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17. (Reuter): The proposed United States loan to Britain would "provide relief for a decadent empire" said Edwin C. Johnstone, Democratic Senator for Colorado, when with Burton K. Wheeler, Senator for Montania, he took part in a National Broadcasting Company radio forum last night.

Both Senators are isolationists. They were replying to the recent broadcast in favour of loan by the United States Secretary of States Mr. James Byrnes.

Senator Wheeler said: "The American people are not in favour of keeping the people of India or the people of the Dutch East Indies or Hongkong in subjection and they are not in favour of putting up money so that few people in Europe can control those countries"

BARDOLOI MINISTRY PROGRAMME

GAUHATI, Feb. 16 (API): The release of all political prisoners convicted in connection with the August 1942 movement, the dropping of all pending political cases, the withdrawal of warrants against Congress workers, are some of the priority items in the programme of work approved by the Assam Assembly Congress Party for the Bardoloi Ministry. Announcing the adoption of the programme by the party at its recent meeting Mr. Mohendra Mohan Chaudhury, the Secretary says that the Ministry has been advised to take up immediately the question of return of all collective fines and articles like bi-cycles and guns forfeited by the Government during the August 1942 movement.

Plea For Line Clear To H. S. Gour

NAGPUR, Feb. 17 (A.P.I.)—The suggestion that Sir Hari Singh Gour may, by joint agreement between Congress and the Hindu Mahasabha, be permitted to represent Nagpur University in the C. P. Assembly is made by Dr. B. S. Moonje, Vice-President of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha. Dr. Moonje has sent a telegram to Sardar Patel on the subject. Dr. Moonje says that neither Congress nor the Hindu Mahasabha should oppose.

More Train Services For Karnatak

MADRAS, Feb. 15: Train services between certain towns in the southern parts of Bombay Presidency served by the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway are to be strengthened from April 1. This announcement was made by Mr. R. De K. Maynard, General Manager, M. and S. M. Railway, at a Press Conference when he stated that, from that date, an additional train will be run between the following places: Miraj and Belgaum, Hubli and Harihar, Gadag and Bijapur, Bijapur and Bagalkot, Hubli and Gadag.

R. I. A. F. Strike Continues

NEW DELHI, Feb. 16 (A.P.I.)—The strike of the R.I.A.F. men at factory road camp, New Delhi, is continuing. It is learned that among them are a number of senior N.C.O.'s, who have joined a demonstration of this type for the first time.

It is stated that disciplinary action will be taken against them. No senior N.C.O.'s, are involved in the strike at Palam.

MR. MUNSHI TO ATTEND FABIAN SOCIETY CONFERENCE

BOMBAY, Saturday: The Fabian Society (Indian Affairs Group) has invited Mr. K. M. Munshi to attend its Conference to be held in London from March 29 to 31. Mr. Munshi will represent India at the Conference.—A.P.I.

ONE KILLED IN CAR-LORRY COLLISION

PESHAWAR, Feb. 16 (A.P.I.): One passenger was killed and about 16 others injured as the result of a collision between a lorry and a military car on Kohat Road.

150 WORKERS IN MAHARASHTRIA SEVAK SANGH

POONA, Feb. 17 (A.P.I.): The Maharashtra Congress Sevak Sangh, an organisation of fulltime Congress workers, has started functioning from the beginning of this year. A fund of rupees two and half lakhs was collected to finance the activities of such of its members who required monetary help to carry on their work.

The Sangh has at present 150 members working in the various districts of Maharashtra and also in some Deccan States such as Kolhapur and Phaltan.

FOR "NETAJI" FILM

NEW DELHI, Feb. 17 (U.P.I.): Mr. Bejoy Ratna Mazumdar, Editor, "Bangla", Calcutta, who arrived here by air to negotiate connection with the National Talkies' 'Netaji' film, is leaving for Calcutta to-day by air.

Lid Off Repatriation Scandal

Indians In Burma In Desperate Condition; Allegations Of Corruption Even Among British Army Authorities

CALCUTTA, Feb. 17 (A.P.I.): The statement that Indians in Burma are now in a desperate condition, and unless they were repatriated or adequate relief was provided for them immediately, widespread deaths might occur soon amongst them, was made by Mr. H. R. Betai, Director of the Azad Hind Bank in Rangoon and Secretary of the Netaji Fund Committee, and Lieut. P. S. Bhaskaran of the I.N.A. to a representative of the Associated Press of India. Mr. Betai and Lieut. Bhaskaran arrived with about 840 other repatriates from Burma.

Indians in Burma, they said, had mostly lost their business or other professions in the course of the war and had hardly any means of earning their livelihood there. A large number had already become destitutes, living on open charity. Police arrangements were insignificant, and broad daylight dacoities were of frequent occurrence in which Indians were very often the victims. The import and export trade of the country were at a standstill. If steps were not immediately taken to remedy the situation, Burma would be a hell for Indians, they said. The attitude of Indian officers of the Burma Government recruited in India had helped to estrange the relations between Burmans and Indians.

There were at present about 4,000 applications for repatriation pending before the Burmese Government Relief and Rehabilitation Committee most of these having been made as far back as June or July last year. Corruption and dishonesty were rampant in the department concerned with repatriation. Last week a lathi charge was also made on a large body of Indians who had gathered in front of the offices of the Relief and Rehabilitation Committee to get their repatriation permits in accordance with an authoritative notification. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta was present there at the moment. Later, it was announced that an alteration would be made in the procedure of issuing permits for repatriation. Some had received their permits at their residences. But what the new procedure would be had not been announced. If repatriation continued at the present rate, it would take years to get willing Indian repatriated.

I.N.A. PRISONERS IN RANGOON JAIL

There were about 1,200 Indian prisoners in the Rangoon central jail, one thousand of whom were civilians before they joined the I.N.A. and the rest were Civilians. The treatment meted out to them was as bad could be imagined, and even those of them who were members of the I.N.A. were not given facilities which generally attached to soldiers. A majority of them had applied for repatriation to India, while there were six or seven among them who were residents of east Asiatic countries for a long time and their families were there. Having no resources to fall back upon and having nobody to support them, they had been reduced to virtual pauperism. There

(Continued in C L 5)

33 years of progressive management and service..

East & West still the best

Chairman:
Dr. Sir Rm. Alagappa Chettiar, M.A., D. Litt., LL. D., Bar-at-Law.

EAST & WEST INSURANCE CO. LTD.,
EAST & WEST BUILDING, APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.

EW. 46

4 CL.CS.8

(Continued from Col. 7)

were no charges against these persons; no legal action had been taken against any of them. Yet for reasons which appeared inexplicable, they were not being released or repatriated to India, though they had been in prison for a long time.

The troubles of those who were fortunate to get their repatriation permits, though after long delay continued till they reached India Mr. Betai and Lieut. Baskaran dwelt on these difficulties at length.

ALL-ROUND CORRUPTION

Alleging that all-round corruption was prevailing in Burma and even among British army authorities they added that it was easy to secure release if only one had enough money to satisfy the greed of the proper persons at the proper time. There were many cases in which releases were secured in this way, and they thought that there were many more cases in which release could not be secured for want of money.

ARGENTINE HITS BACK AT U. S.

INTERFERENCE IN INTERNAL AFFAIRS RESENTED

Reply To Washington Memorandum Sent To All Govt.'s Except State Department!

BUENOS AIRES, Feb. 16, (Reuter): The Argentine Govt. tonight issued an official Communique on the United States State Department memorandum of February 12 charging the Argentine Govt. with trying to build up a Totalitarian State in the Western Hemisphere, helping the Axis during the war and undermining the inter-American system.

UNJUSTIFIED AND INEXACT

"The Argentine Government rejects as offensive to the dignity of the Argentine nation the unjustified and inexact accusations contained in the memorandum" the Communique stated.

Declaring that "the publication of the memorandum by the State Department is contrary to practices of International Law" the Communique added: "The content of the memorandum is not an analysis of an international case but represents interference in the internal affairs of Argentine.

Public opinion in Argentina considers that the real object of the memorandum being released at the present time is to influence public opinion before the elections due on February 24, purity of which both the Government and the armed forces of Argentina have undertaken to guarantee.

CHALLENGE TO U. S.

"Government affirms that it has complied and is complying with the Mexico and San Francisco commitments and can prove loyalty of its conduct towards the United Nations.

Consequently, Government is authorised to demand from all nations an equal respect in non-intervention in the internal policy of a nation".

Later the Government announced that the reply to the State Department's memorandum would be issued soon and copies handed to all Governments except Washington.

Simple, safe and satisfying! Before you spend your time in needless worry, over difficult days and fear of delays, why not try Novum. A high-grade ethical product with an open formula. Recommended by doctors and nurses. Complete relief. Quick sure and effective.

Made in 3 strengths.

Price per container of 21 capsules of ordinary strength of NOVUM, Rs. 12—8—0, per container of 63 tablets, of strong NOVUM (Forte) tablets, Rs. 21—0—0, price per container of 21 red capsules, special extra strong strenth, Rs. 50—0—0.

Also available in "special injection form" for advanced and unyielding cases of female complaints.

Take 'Novum' at the first sign of delay and see how comfortably you sail through your difficult days!

Available at all drug stores.

ASK FOR OUR FREE CIRCULAR describing a few of our outstanding products and our "Free Medical Advice Department."

NOVUM

HERING & KENT
P. O. Box 325 (B. C. B.)
281-283 Hornby Road, Fort
Bombay Phone: 24297

Stockists: P. M. ZAVERI & Co., Princess Street, Bombay 2.

ALLAHABAD BANK
LIMITED
ESTABLISHED 1865
Affiliated to the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

EIGHTY YEARS' experience of Indian conditions is at the disposal of the Bank's constituents

Banking business of every description transacted

over 70 offices of the Bank in India

HEAD OFFICE
6 & 7, Royal Exchange Place,
CALCUTTA

BOMBAY OFFICES
39, Apollo Street
and
232/34, Kalbadevi Road

AHMEDABAD OFFICE
Pankore Naka

W. LOTHIAN BROWN
General Manager.

A.B. 19

U.N.O. DEAL TO LEVANT STATES

LONDON, Feb. 17, (Reuter): The Security Council of the U.N.O. last night settled the Levant question by adopting the United States' resolution which expresses confidence that foreign troops will be withdrawn as soon as practicable and that negotiations to that end will be undertaken without delay.

CEYLON'S CASE TO BE TAKEN TO U.N.O.

COLOMBO, Feb. 17 (A.P.I.): The demand that Ceylon's case for freedom should be submitted to the United Nations Organisation is to be made by the Kandyan Youth League on March 2—Ceylon's Independence Day commemorating the Independence enjoyed by the Kandyan Province till 1815, when the King of Kandy was taken prisoner and province was taken over by the British.

A resolution before its Annual Convention Day meeting to be held on March 2 asserts that Britain, having illegally denied Ceylon its right to frame its own constitution and its right to freedom was as laid down by the 1815 treaty has forfeited any legal rights it had over the island and demands that Ceylon's case should be submitted to the U.N.O.

Kandyan villages are to obscure the day by holding meetings and adopting this resolution.

BANK OF ENGLAND

LONDON, Feb. 16 (Reuter): Nationalisation of the Bank of England becomes effective on February 18. The bill for nationalisation has now passed all its parliamentary stages, it has received formal Royal assent this week, and is thus now law, writes Sidney Campbell, Reuter's financial editor.

REMOVAL OF COIR YARN FROM PRICE CONTROL

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15 (U. P. A.): The Office of Price Administration disclosed to-day the removal of coir yarn from price control because importers have been unable to purchase the yarn at the existing ceiling price. It is produced from cocoanut husks and is imported from India.

LONDON, Feb. 16 (Reuter): The prospects of trade relations between Eire and a free India are exceptionally good, said Mr. K. C. Reddy, leader of the Mysore State Congress Party on his return from a visit to Southern Ireland.

WALL STREET MARKET

NEW YORK, Feb. 16

Wall Street closed firm on heavy buying induced by the ending of the U. S. Steel strike and prospects of labour adjustments elsewhere. Huge blocks of shares changed hands early. Dealings slowed as profit-taking intervened with top gains reduced though prices generally remained above previous closings. Further encouragement was derived from the pay price formula which is eventually expected to iron out difficulties in many battling union fronts and inaugurate the long-awaited business boom.

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.

After early hesitancy on realising and hedging, the market rallied sharply on renewal of yesterday's buying movement which was based on a combination of factors such a strength of securities, inflationary implications of the new wage price policies, the higher steel price and wage grants expected, higher cotton goods ceilings and renewed talk of efforts to secure passage of the Pace bill. Some reaction developed on week-end realising owing probably to technical considerations.

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, Feb 16.

Chicago Grains: May rye and deferred oats deliveries advanced reflecting continued strength of outside markets and latest Washington developments in connection with the revision of the wage and price policies. Meanwhile the stagnation of other grains is diverting some local professionals into the local cotton ring where trading this week was rather active.

Wheat May 1.80_1/2 to 1.80_1/2 (1.80_1/2 bid)

Wheat July 1.80-1/2 (1.80_1/2 bid).

Wheat Sept 1.80_1/2 bid (1.80_1/2 bid).

MOVE FOR INTERNATIONAL COTTON AGREEMENT

NEW YORK, Feb. 15. (U.P.A.): Cotton circles said today that Indo-American solidarity on a proposal to write an international cotton agreement drew sharp opposition from British representatives during the last session of the International Cotton Study Group.

During this session, delegates from Britain, India, France, Egypt, U. S., and Brazil conferred regarding the world cotton situation.

Britain opposed the American proposal for a cotton pact on the theory that a world cotton agreement was not necessary at present.

The U. S., however, backed by India, urged such an agreement in which the U. S. would assume the burden for fifty per cent of the world cotton exports at an international cotton price range of about three cents.

Informed quarters said that Britain evidently feared that the latter move would freeze the present high world cotton price.

India, it was reported, advocated that the U. S. be given as high as fifty-five per cent of the world export market as its quota.

The final Washington session of the Group is scheduled within a fortnight.

Meanwhile, the "Journal of Commerce" asserted in an article today that "there appears to be strong evidence that a majority of the International Cotton Study Group will recommend action favourable to the formulation of an international cotton agreement."

WORTH STREET TRADING AT STANDSTILL

NEW YORK, Feb. 15. (U.P.A.): Trading on the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market remained at a standstill today, while traders were busy analyzing President Truman's Wage and Price Policy.

NATION'S GOLD RESERVE UNCHANGED

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15. (U.P.A.): The Federal Reserve System today disclosed that the nation's gold reserves remained unchanged during the second consecutive week at twenty-five billion and one-hundred-and-fifty-seven million dollars while cash in circulation rose thirty-eight million during the past week to a total of twenty-seven billion and nine-hundred-and-sixty-seven million dollars.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Feb. 16.

March nominal	26.41
May	26.45
July	26.48
October	26.23
December	26.20
January	26.19
March	26.17
Middling Spot	27.00

NEW YORK ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Feb. 16.

March	26.52
May	26.45
July	26.45
October	26.26
December	26.22
Middling Spot	26.10

KARACHI COTTON.

KARACHI Feb. 16.

Cotton Ready Sind Desi 39/15, Punjab Desi 29/5, Sind NT 59/10, Four F. 50/2. March 49/3/6, May 49/12/6, Market ruled firm and dearer on higher New York cables and encouraging Bombay advices, which induced alround trade support March highest touched 49/5/6. Ready business 2,400 bales Arrivals 1,663. Exports 1,300 Bales Silver Tuesday delivery 147/0/6, Gold 91. Closed easy on rumours that Reserve Bank might start selling Silver and Gold.

POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS.

Statement of the position of Scheduled Banks as at the close of business on the 8th February:—

	Rs.
Demand Liabilities in India	705,48,18,000
Time Liabilities in India	291,07,60,000
Cash in India:	
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	37,58,51,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	2,02,46,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	66,04,000
Balances with Reserve Bank	104,15,33,000
Advances in India	314,83,86,000
Bills discounted in India	19,05,98,000

HAPUR MARKET

HAPUR, Feb. 16.

Wheat unquoted stock, Khattis Peas 10/8, Maize 11/13, Bajra 11/, Juwar 10/14, Arhar 9/8, Old 9/, Urad 15/, Moong 11/13, Markets steady stocks peas 5, Arhar 10, Khattis Gur 10/6, Jaggery Powder 11/10, steady arrivals reduced 500, Mds. Bardana Md. 56/, Dn. 60/8, Asuj 53/10, Chet 54/10, Silver 48/4, Last night closed 148/, Gold 91/, future opened quiet Guwar ready 8/8, Guwar 8/0/3, quiet cottonseed 11/12.

HOW TO TACKLE FOOD PROBLEM

Rajendra Prasad's Advice To Congress Workers

NAGPUR, Feb. 16 (A.P.I.): Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Member, Congress Working Committee offered suggestions for guidance of Congress workers here yesterday before leaving for Jamshedpur according to a statement issued by Nagpur Congress Secretary Mr. W. U. Gavande to-day. These suggestions were intended to meet present food crisis and Dr. Rajendra Prasad asked Congressmen to maintain close contact with rich and poor and between themselves in each ward. They should, he emphasised, collect all information relating to stocks of grain in their wards, number of destitutes in each ward, number of rich persons likely to help the needy and those who have stocks of foodgrains on their agricultural fields.

In response to Mahatma Gandhi's recent instructions and Dr. Rajendra Prasad's advice Nagpur Congress Committee has convened a meeting of leaders of different parties in the city on Februray 18 and has appealed to the Controller of Food Supplies Nagpur to assist it in its task.

U. S. To Have Better Food Consumption

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17 (Reuter).—The Department of Agriculture forecasts civiliarf per capita food consumption in the United States at least equalling, and perhaps above any previous year in sharp contrast with the situation outside the United States since the per capita world supplies this season average about 12 per cent below the pre-war. Total food supplies in the United States for 1946 will be about equal to 1945. Despite some increase in exports, United States civilian consumption is likely to exceed last year's.

U. P. CONGRESS COMMITTEE STUDIES FOOD CRISIS

LUCKNOW, Feb. 15 (A. P. I.): The U. P. Provincial Congress Committee it is learnt, is closely watching the present food crisis in the Province, particularly in the rural areas and to the repercussions on the economic conditions of the Kisans and has asked for detailed reports on the food situation from District and subordinate Congress Committees.

The U.P.C.C. is issuing a pamphlet to acquaint Congressmen in the rural areas with the problem of food supply.

INDIA LEAGUE'S MEASURES

NEW YORK, Feb. 15 (APA): The India League of America appointed a special emergency committee to consider the Indian famine crisis, J. J. Singh, the League President, announced to-day.

Singh said the Committee was instructed to take the following steps immediately:

1—Determine the present activities and future plans of the United States Government and the Inter-Governmental Agencies with respect to famine conditions in India. 2—Seek to have the principles of equality of relief in Europe and Asia established. 3—Co-ordinate the activities of all American organisations in providing the aid. 4—Keep public opinion in U. S. fully informed of the crisis and the type of action necessary.

Villagers Raid Wheat Depot

KARACHI, Feb. 17 (U.P.I.)—Acute scarcity of wheat in the Nawabshah District, the main wheat producing centre, is reported. Yesterday about 200 villagers raided a wheat depot. Police reached in time and dispersed the crowd. Later, nearly hundred men lay prostrate on the road before the car of the Deputy Collector, Mr. A. G. Agha. They demanded provision of wheat.

At Shahdadpur police created a scene when the Wheat Syndicate Depot pleaded that there were no stocks. A scuffle ensued and several persons were injured.

"CRIMINAL, IF TRUE"

Mahatma Condemns Assault On Divakar

SEVAGRAM, Feb. 17 (A.P.I.)

Under the caption "Criminal If True," Mahatma Gandhi in his notes in today's 'Harijan' writes:

"A letter from Karnatak contains the following information:

'On 1-2-46 at about 10 a.m. when the Karnatak Provincial Congress Parliamentary Board was conducting its business in its office in Hubli, 20 to 25 persons effected an entrance into the meeting hall without first obtaining permission of the President.

"The Board had met to discuss some important matters. Some of the persons above-mentioned asked for time to make certain representation, the President told them that sufficient time for this purpose had been given to them on the previous day. The Board was now engaged in serious deliberations but would see them again during the afternoon. In reply they said they had further important matters to represent and insisted on doing so then and there. The President opined that their attitude was quite inconsistent with due decorum and discipline. But they continued to insist, whereupon the President said that he would be obliged to leave the Hall. As he stood up in order to go away one member of the party tried forcibly to hold him down. Another snatched the office files from his hands and was going to take them away. Yet another hit Shri Divakar on the head with his umbrella. Persons in the hall finally came to the rescue and restored order."

SYSTEM OF TERROR

"If such be the case the Congress organization will go to pieces. Indeed, no organization can successfully work under a system of terror. I do not go into the merits. That work will be done by the Congress Working Committee. What is reported to have taken place is not only against decency and all the rules of the game but is manifestly against non-violence."

"Moreover, there seems to be an indecent longing for getting into the Legislatures. This indecency shows that the deciding reason for contesting elections is being lost sight of."

COUNSEL FOR RASHID CONDEMNS SENTENCE

LAHORE, Feb. 17 (A.P.I.)—The sentence of imprisonment against Capt. Abdur Rashid of the INA and the police firing on students in Calcutta were condemned at a public meeting held here this evening under the auspices of the Punjab Muslim Students' Federation. Sheikh Mohammad Amin, presided.

Sheikh Muhamad Amin, who was a counsel for the accused, in the course of his presidential remarks said Capt. Rashid had been sentenced for torture of prisoners, while those who were accused of abetment of murder had been let off.

Dr. Gopichand For Bombay

LAHORE, Feb. 17 (A.P.I.): Dr. Gopichand Bhargava, the Punjab Congress leader, who had telephone conversations yesterday with Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel is leaving for Bombay to-night to acquaint the Central Parliamentary Board of the Congress with the situation in the Punjab.

Two Killed In Lorry Mishaps

DELHI, Feb. 17 (A.P.I.)—Two fatal accidents are reported from the City yesterday. In Paharganj a seven year old boy was overrun by a military lorry and killed instantly. On Hospital Road, one man was killed and nine injured when a lorry overturned.

"QUIT MANCHURIA" DEMAND

CHUNGKING, Feb. 16 (Reuter): Lt.-Gen. Albert Wedemeyer, the United States Commander-in-Chief in China, disclosed to-day that the American-trained Chinese Sixth Army is being transported to Manchuria in reply to a Chinese Government's request that additional armies be sent.

Erlier the Chinese independent newspaper "World Daily News" had said that Red Army troops in Manchuria were building barracks in key cities in preparation for a long stay.

In Chungking to-day, 400 members of Manchuran guilds staged the first anti-Soviet "Quit Manchuria" demonstration. The demonstrators marched to the National Government headquarters and presented their demands including return of war booty seized by the Russians, reparations for losses, and publication of details of the Chinese-Soviet negotiations.

Sino-American Commercial Treaty Under Discussion

CHUNGKING, Feb. 16 (U.P.A.)—A Chinese American commercial treaty of friendship is under discussion here, but details are not yet available, it was learned today from a reliable source.

HOISTING FLAGS ON SCHOOL BUILDINGS

MAHATMA WARNS STUDENTS AGAINST COMMUNALISM

SEWAGRAM, Feb. 17 (A.P.I.): Mahatma Gandhi in his notes in today's "Harijan" referring to the incidents of hoisting Congress and League flags in schools and colleges writes: "I have two typical letters about flags in schools and colleges. Some boys hoist the Congress flag, therefore others hoist the League flag. Both are wrong.

"My correspondents report that the mischief commenced by the hoisting of the Congress flag. Probably nothing would have happened for the time being, if both the flags had been tolerated. The right thing was and is that boys must not take the initiative in such cases. The buildings belong to the authorities and they must decide whether or not to fly which, if any, flag over their buildings. If boys take the law into their own hands, the result must be chaos and confusion plus breaking of heads. This would be sheer vulgarity and doing no good to anybody. Schools and colleges should be institutions for healing communal breaches, not for promoting differences. If boys and girls do not learn discipline in their school-days, money and time spent on their education is so much national loss.

"The one bright thing that emerges from the Lahore episode is that Maulana Saheb Abul Kalam Azad promptly intervened and ruled that the boys who had hoisted the Congress flag were in the wrong."

IRRESPONSIBLE EXECUTIVE MUST GO

Mahatma Says Summon A.I.S.A To Fight Cloth Shortage

SEWAGRAM, Feb. 17 (API)—Under the caption "Famine of Grain and Cloth," Mahatma Gandhi writes in today's "Harijan":

"During my wanderings in Bengal, Assam and Madras I heard tales of distress due to shortage of food and cloth. Reports come to me from other parts of India. They support the same tale.

"Dr. Rajendra Prasad tells me that the Government report expressing fear of shortage of food immediately doubled the market price. This is a bad sign. Such speculation should be a thing of the past. The mercantile community should be competent to curb such greed. Let them not add to the distress caused by the Government mistakes or incompetence. There are mercantile associations and chambers. If they act patriotically, they can help most to prevent panic and speculation.

NO PATIENCE WITH EVIL

It is the fashion to blame nature for famine. Scarcity of rain is by no means a monopoly of India. In other countries, though people welcome rains they have made themselves fairly independent of rainfall during a season or two. Here, Government have used themselves and the public to the idea that famines come when there is shortage of waterfall. Had the mind been framed otherwise, they would have made adequate provision for shortfalls. They only tinkered with the problem and naturally so. For, the official world was taught to think no better.

Originality there could be more in a close monopoly organization like the Government of India. It is the largest autocracy the world has known. Democracy has been reserved only for Great Britain. And when it rules and exploits millions belonging to other races, it becomes an unmitigated evil.

It corrupts the whole island with the idea that such exploitation is the best thing for an enlightened democracy to do. It would be well to remember this fundamental fact. If I have correctly estimated it. If we recognize this, while dealing with the immediate problem we shall be patient with the present actors. There is no call here, for patience with the evil. The distinction will enable us the better to deal with the evil.

DEMAND FOR NEW EXECUTIVE

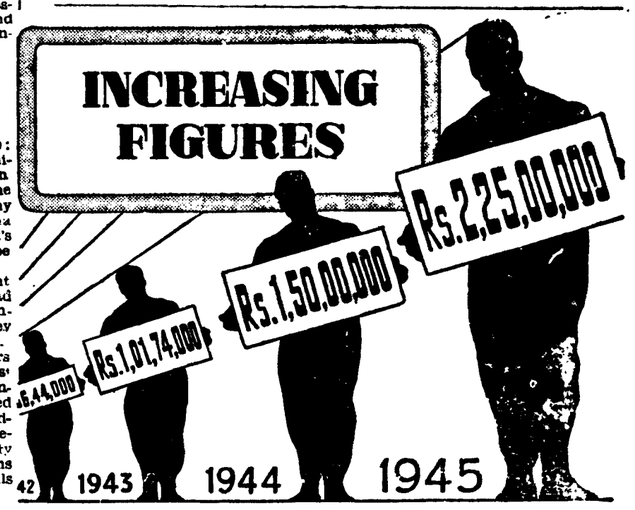
We must then first put our own house in order as far as may be and at the same time demand from the Foreign Government that since they mean what they say, let them at once replace the irresponsible Executive with elected and responsible members from the Central Legislature however archaic and based only on a limited franchise it may be. There is nothing to prevent the Viceroy from doing this today. I do not propose to answer the difficulties in anticipation. "Where there's a will, there's way." This one act will restore confidence and allay panic.

"Grow More Food" was not a bad cry during the war. It is a greater necessity now. This can be best done only by a National Executive. Even its mistakes will not loom so large as those of a nominated Executive, however able the latter may be. As it is, even their ability and integrity are in question—rightly so or wrongly is beside the point in this connection. Everything possible should be done to draw water from the bowels of the earth. There is talent enough in this country for the purpose. Provincial selfishness should give place to the national want.

In addition to, not in the place of these measures, grain should be imported from wherever it can be had.

SUMMON A.I.S.A. TO RESCUE

Cloth famine can and ought to be averted by telling the millions to spin and weave in their own villages, the State supplying them with cotton where it is not grown or available and with the simple instruments of production on hire or longterm purchase. The A.I.S.A. with its seasoned workers should be summoned to render assistance and guidance. This will take a few months, if the work is taken up in earnest. Ingenious mills will be called upon to assist this national process by a free distribution of their cloth in cities and villages while the transition process is going on. Argumentation the capacity of mills to supply all the cloth required should cease in face of the calamity which is existent and daily growing in intensity. Mills cannot find employment for the millions of unemployed villagers. The educative value of the Charkha is not to be surpassed. But for the spell of hypnotism which rules our minds to-day, we shall all realise this obvious truth, set ourselves working out the concrete proposition and thereby restore confidence to the millions and may be even to the world which has neither enough food nor cloth.



BUSINESS IN LIFE ONLY

RUBY
GENERAL INSURANCE CO., LTD.

Covering LIFE, FIRE, MARINE AND ACCIDENT RISKS
Chairman: S. N. BIRLA.
Head Office: 8, ROYAL EXCHANGE PLACE, CALCUTTA.

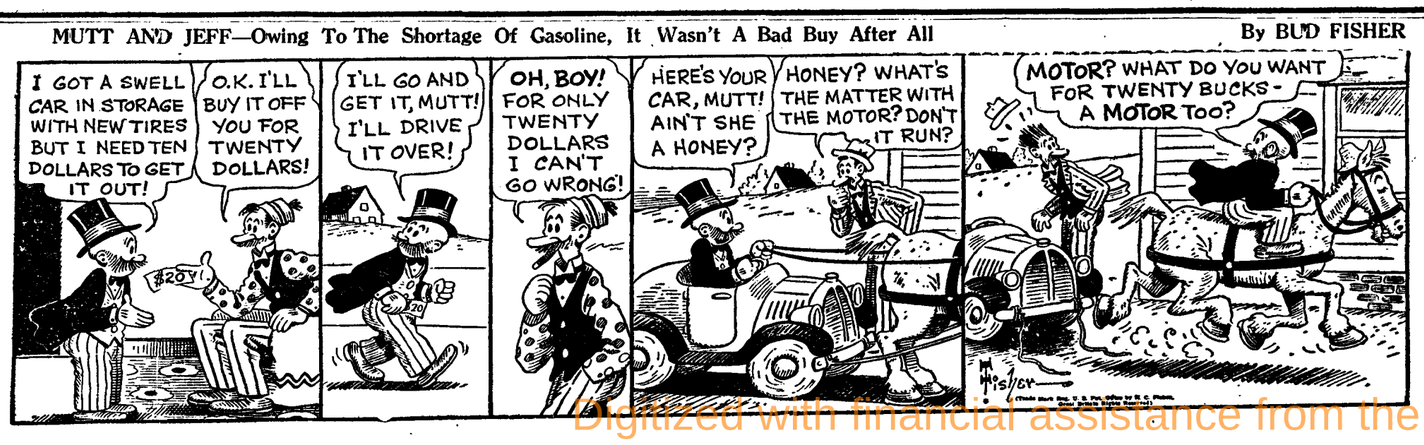
Bombay Office: Imperial Bank Annexe Building, Bank Street, Fort

Madras Office: 337, Thambu Chetty Street, G. T.

Branches and offices at:
Ahmedabad, Baroda, Beswada, Cawnpore, Coimbatore; Indore, Karachi, Lucknow, Lahore, Peshawar, Patna, Poona, Rajkot, Shillong, Srinagar, Surat and Wardha.

MARINE • FIRE • ACCIDENT • LIFE

MUTT AND JEFF—Owing To The Shortage Of Gasoline, It Wasn't A Bad Buy After All — By BUD FISHER


I GOT A SWELL CAR IN STORAGE WITH NEW TIRES BUT I NEED TEN DOLLARS TO GET IT OUT!
O.K. I'LL BUY IT OFF YOU FOR TWENTY DOLLARS!
$20
I'LL GO AND GET IT, MUTT! I'LL DRIVE IT OVER!
OH, BOY! FOR ONLY TWENTY DOLLARS I CAN'T GO WRONG!
HERE'S YOUR CAR, MUTT! AIN'T SHE A HONEY?
HONEY? WHAT'S THE MATTER WITH THE MOTOR? DON'T IT RUN?
MOTOR? WHAT DO YOU WANT FOR TWENTY BUCKS - A MOTOR TOO?
Mosher

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 22 December, 2016

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.
MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.

To be paid in advance.

PERSONAL

The Crisis in a Woman's Life is the title of an instructive English medical booklet explaining in simple language why the fears and suffering so dreaded by women in their forties are quite unnecessary. Booklets posted free to all genuine applicants. Write Menopax Department (C), Post Box 5051, Bombay 9. 6593

SOCIAL

Invited Addresses of Punjabee Hindu Mair Rajputs in and near Bombay. View social organisation. Write to Box No. 886, "Bombay Chronicle."

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a Brahmin girl for a highly respectable bachelor, Kanyakubj Brahmin in Permanent Provincial Medical Service. Apply to Box No. 6455, "Bombay Chronicle."

Introductions for friendship, matrimony, trade. 431 hobbies arranged by Globe Introduction League, Chhi-li-ient Agra Estd. 1935 Members 15614 (Both) Specimen Magazine -/5/-. (5513)

Wanted bride for Hindu 32 years Government employed. Pay Rs. 120/- sub-caste or widow no bar. Correspondence confidential. Apply to Box No. 912 "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted expert for the manufacture of confectionery—Persons with experience in the manufacture of highclass sweets, Toffees, Chocolates, etc. Apply with full details to Box No. 6689 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted: Assistant doctors and trained compounders as well as accounts clerk for the Blind Relief Mission, New Shukrawari, Nagpur. Posts permanent, salary according to experience. Apply or see immediately Secretary. (6676)

Wanted a very good experienced draughtsman capable of preparing drawings for R.C.C. Buildings and Machinery. Good salary for competent man. Apply with details of qualifications, experience, copies of certificates and salary expected to Box No. 6659, "Bombay Chronicle."

Assistant wanted for Chairman of leading Company in Bombay. Only persons of Indian nationality, under forty years of age, with high academic qualifications including Economics and/or Accountancy and Statistics and with experience of service in Government or business should apply. Preference will be given to applicants with foreign training or experience. Starting salary Rs. 400 per month or higher for exceptional qualifications or experience provident fund, bonus, leave privileges and dearness allowance in accordance with Company's rules. Apply Box No. 6683 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted one hard working architectural Draughtsman who has experience in architects' Office. Apply with testimonials to Box No 6694, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted immediately Typist Clerk, Steno preferred. Apply to Flory Limited, P.O. Box No. 875, Bombay—1. (913)

Wanted a Pharmaceutical Chemist near Bombay, with 10 years experience and with knowledge of Biological Assays, for a Laboratory manufacturing B. P. products. State experience and pay expected. Apply Box No. 6721, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted immediately two B. Coms. with good knowledge of accounts or two experienced accountants—good prospects. Apply to Box No 6717. "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted an Artist. For terms and conditions see the undersigned. C. S. Patel, General Secretary, Centenary Office, J. J. Hospital, Bombay. 6724

Wanted immediately 250 youngmen with minimum academic qualification as Matric from all over India to canvass advertisements for Barques' World Trade Directory, All-India Trade Directory and who's who, Banks in India and Textile Directory. Apply—Barque & Company Ltd., 6—The Mall, Lahore. 6730

Wanted a Graduate preferably holding a Degree in Agriculture or Commerce to act as "Assistant Manager". Apply with testimonials to the President, The Jalgaon Co-operative Fruit Sale Society Ltd. Jalgaon, East Khandesh. 872

Wanted immediately:—Two General Clerks with a good hand and strong English. Experience of work in a Commercial office—preferably a Life office—necessary. Gujarati or Maharashtrian Matriculates only need apply giving full details and mentioning minimum salary expected to Box No. 879, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted immediately a Foreman experienced in manufacture of Textile Machinery. Apply with copies of testimonials stating age, qualifications and experience and minimum salary expected to Box No. 6725, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a teacher in cutting and machine embroidery for Baroda. Apply stating qualifications and salary expected to Box No. 911 C/o. "Bombay Chronicle".

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admission-Davar's College of Commerce-Professional and Commerce Diploma Courses suitable for Graduates. Undergraduates and others. Tuition personal or through post. Call or write for enrolment. 51, Esplanade Road 892

Matriculation: — "Success Suggestions" in all subjects; with success series free. Send Rs. 2 to J. P. Acharya, Matric Success Course, Visnagar (N.G.) (579)

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

Department of Industries & Supplies Office of the Regional Disposals Commissioner Southern Circle, Bombay.

INVITES TENDERS for purchase and removal of about 40 to 50 thousand ballies in their present condition lying at Engineer Park, Ghorpuri.

Material can be inspected at site by previous arrangement with Officer Commanding Engineer, Park, Ghorpuri.

Offers in tenderers own form in double covers the inner being sealed and superscribed Tender No. RCS/138/T and due date, should reach Phoenix Building, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay not later than 4 P. M. on 25th Feb., 1946 and remains open upto 15th March, 1946.

Earnest money at 10 per cent of the value of offer in the form of Imperial/Reserve Bank of India or Government of India Treasury Receipt in favour of the Regional Disposals Commissioner, Southern Circle, Bombay deposited under Head of Account "Revenue Deposits" must accompany the tender. This will be refundable to unsuccessful tenderers. Cheques will not be accepted.

Sale will be subject to conditions of Contract Con. 117 and obtainable at the above office and is without guarantee as to their condition.

Rates should be quoted per 100 Nos. and delivery will be ex where lying and should be completed within fifteen days from date of acceptance of offer. 6731

NOTICE

All the past Students of the Grant Medical College, are requested to send to the undersigned their addresses immediately for communication in connection with the centenary celebrations.

The date for inauguration has been fixed on the 13th of March, 1946. They are requested to send the names with addresses of relatives and friends to whom invitations may be sent by this office.

C. S. PATEL,
General Secretary,
Centenary Celebrations Office,
J. J. Hospital.
6723

FINANCIAL

Experienced Advertisement Production man contemplating further training abroad desires to contact reputable firm interested in project—part finance and/or facilities for study against service contract and security. Please write to Box No. 902, "Bombay Chronicle."

Finance wanted. Minimum Rs. 50,000/- for quite new profitable business write Box No. 904 "Bombay Chronicle".

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted:— Agents for sale of our high quality cigarettes and pipe tobacco in every city and town. Write for samples and agency terms Oriental Tobacco Co., Cawnpore. 6649

Wanted experienced, sincere and energetic representatives in every district of India to sell our famous products of medicine on best terms possible. The company is also prepared to allow salary, dearness allowance, daily allowance, special allowance, postage allowance, commission on sale, etc. to suitable applicants. Apply immediately specially mentioning your sub-division, district and thana to the Managing Agents, National Pure Drugs (India) Ltd. 35/1B, Murari Pukur Road, Sham-Bazar, Calcutta. 6617

Wanted Sole Agents for Bombay Presidency to organise the sale of our Products, i.e., Mechanical Toys, Baby Piano, Metalic Soap cases, etc. Apply with Bank references: Orion Industries, Chheherta N.W.R. (6733)

TO BE LET

To Let Shop at Mahim near Victoria Church. Rent Rs. 20/- Apply Empire Trading Co. Post Box 5518, Dadar. 905

HOTELS (IN HILL STATION)

Mountain Breeze Hotel Rye Woods, Lonavla, Limited accommodation, Excellent Service good living. (860)

GODOWNS WANTED

Wanted Ground Floor Godown about 600 sq. ft. Fort Area. Apply to Messrs. Lusob Trading Co., Bell Bldg., Sir Ph. Mehta Road. (906)

FLATS WANTED

Wanted a Bungalow or a Flat in Bombay or Suburbs. Apply Telephone No. 20402 between 12 noon and 2 P.M. 884

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

A Rare Business Opportunity Commercial Textile Corporation, Manufacturers of High-class Hosiery Shirts invites enquiries from Wholesale Hosiedy Merchants and Exporters. Correspond with Sole concessionnaries V. DAS & Co., Camp Bazar Cannanore. (Malabar) 6480

For Addresses and Business connections in any line in U.K. please write to M/s. B. Sarin & Co., National House, The Mall, Lahore. 910

MISCELLANEOUS WANTED

Wanted Suppliers of Manure such as Bone Meal, Fish Meal, Groundnut Cake etc. Write immediately with full particulars to—The Gugan Import-Export (Ceylon) Co., P. O. Box No. 389. Colombo. (6703)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Fire Bricks, Fire Blocks, Fireclays of High Grade, Magnesia Composition, S. W. Pipes etc. available from ready with The Ishwar Industries, Ltd., Ishwar Nagar Delhi. 6416

PUBLIC NOTICES

Announcement Extraordinary

INDIAN NATIONAL PICTURES LIMITED

SHARE LIST OPENING ON FEB. 20

Watch This Journal

6681

THE OSMANSHAHI MILLS, LIMITED.
(Incorporated in Hyderabad-Dn.)

NOTICE

THE FOLLOWING SHARE CERTIFICATES of this Company issued in the name of the undermentioned parties, are reported to have been LOST or MISLAID. Any person having claim to the said share certificates should notify to the Company within a fortnight, after which duplicate share certificates will be issued to the parties concerned.

Name of the Shareholders.	No. of Share Certificates.
Mr. Multanchand Jivraj Marwadi of Sholapur	2 Share Certificates Nos. 34720 & 34721 of B.G. Rs. 100|- each.
Mr. Laxman Lalchand Marwadi of Sholapur	2 Share Certificates Nos. 34730 & 34731 of B.G. Rs. 100|- each.

C. S. TYABJEE,
Managing Agent,
For the Industrial Trust Fund,
H.E.H. the Nizam's Government.
Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents.

Hyderabad-Dn. D|28th Decr. 1945. (6711)

NOTICE

WANTED for Civil Air Lines operating Personnel consisting of Pilots, Radio-Operators, Ground Engineers and Mechanics. Stating details specially giving Licenses held to cover specific type of Aircrafts.

Clerical personnel also wanted those having all round experience of Civil Air Lines may apply giving details of their qualifications and experience. Apply Box No. 6696 Care this paper.

"MISTRI AIRWAYS LIMITED"

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the following posts:

Pilots (A. 1. & B).

Ground Engineers (A & C & A. B. C. D. X).

Mechanics.

Traffic Staff.

Radio Officers.

Executive Officers.

Salary according to qualifications and experience.

Apply with testimonials to, HEADQUARTERS AT "WAVELL HOUSE", Ballard Estate, Bombay.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

Department of Industries and Supplies Regional Disposals Commissioner, Southern Circle, Bombay.

INVITES TENDERS FOR PURCHASE AND REMOVAL OF TWO USED CARS—WOLSELEY 1934 MODEL 16 H.P. 6 CYL. AND MERCEDES BENZ. 1935 MODEL CABRIOLET in their present condition available with Director General Ship-building and Repairs, Reserve Bank Building, Fort, Vehicles can be inspected on permits to be issued by this office.

Offers in tenderers own form in Double covers, the inner being sealed and superscribed. Tender No. RCS|3|V and due date should reach Phoenix Building. Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, not later than 4 P.M. on 23-2-46 and remain open up to 15-3-46.

Earnest money, which will be refundable to unsuccessful tenderers, for 10% of offer in the form of Imperial or Reserve Bank of India, or Govt of India Treasury receipt deposited in favour of Regional Disposals Commissioner, Southern Circle under Head of Accounts "Revenue Deposits" must accompany the Tender

Sale will be subject to Conditions of Contract Con. 117 obtainable at the above office and is without guarantee in regard to condition. (6728)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from graduates of Arabic for the post of a Teacher in the Govt. High School, Sholapur, in the scale of Rs. 45-175 plus D.A. Applications, in the form which will be supplied free, should reach the undersigned before the 5th of March, 1946.

A KHAN,
Educational Inspector, S.D.
Dharwar, 12-2-1946.
6722

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS for appointment to ten posts of Marketing Inspectors are invited from persons with "Approved War-service" who are natives of the Province of Bombay.

GRADE: Rs. 100-110-8-150.

MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS: A degree in Agriculture, Commerce or Economics, of a recognised University or graduate or licentiate of a recognised Indian Agricultural College.

AGE LIMIT: 30 years; but applications from persons above the age limit will also be considered.

Last date for receipt of applications—21st MARCH 1946.

Particulars and prescribed forms of applications are obtainable from the office of the Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bombay Province, Poona, and can be obtained on application together with a self-addressed (large) envelope bearing postage stamps of the value of 3½ annas.

S. M. EKRAM, I.C.S.,
Registrar,
Co-operative Societies, B.P.,
Poona.
Poona, the 14th February 1946. (6715)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that BANUBAI, widow of Byramji B. Reporter, sole proving Executrix of the last Will and Testament of the said Byramji B. Reporter, of Kurla Parsi Inhabitant, has contracted to sell the undermentioned property free from all encumbrances, claims and demands, situate at Thana and known as "Reporter Estate" to our client. Any person or persons having or making any claim against the said property by way of sale, mortgage, charge, transfer, lease, easement, exchange, gift, trust, inheritance, maintenance, possession, lien or otherwise, howsoever, is or are requested to make the same known in writing to us at our Office at Examiner Press Building, 35, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, shall be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE

Property situate at Station Road, Thana, known as "Reporter Estate", bearing Municipal Nos. 159-160, Survey Nos. 305-306, Tika No. 2, comprising residential bungalow, open land adjacent thereto whereon there is now a wood depot and row of shops and adjoining thereto there is one storied building which said land and premises admeasure 1,526 sq. yards or thereabouts, be the same little or more and bounded as follows: that is to say on or towards the East Main Station Road, on or towards the West by Agaskar's and Pradhan's properties, on or towards the North by Rege Vakil's house and on or towards the South by Taraporewala's house, Income-Tax Office.

GAMANLAL TOLAT & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
Dated this 16th day of February. 1946.
6718

PUBLIC NOTICES

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL

PUBLIC NOTICE

IMPORTERS ARE HEREBY INFORMED that

(1) The issue of quota licences for the January-June 1946 period for imports from United States of America, Canada and Portugal will be terminated on the 15th March 1946 and quota holders should therefore apply to the Import Trade Controllers for their quota licences in good time and in any case not later than the 1st March 1946. Applications received after 1st March 1946 will not be considered.

(2) Indiscriminate applications for consideration against surplus should not be made. A Public Notice will be issued towards the middle of March 1946 specifying the items in respect of which surplus is expected and laying down the procedure for submission of applications for licences against that surplus. Applications for surplus should be made to the Import Trade Controllers only and in accordance with that procedure. Applications sent direct to the Chief Controller of Imports or otherwise than in accordance with that procedure will not be entertained.

(3) In the distribution of surplus preference will be given to

(a) Firms who imported the goods concerned from the particular country concerned but have no quota owing to their having no imports at their credit in the basic period.

(b) Firms who used regularly to import the goods concerned from Japan, Germany and non-British territories in the Far East i.e. from sources which are still cut off.

(c) Ex-service men who wish to resume or start an import business.

(d) Evacuees.

2. It may be noted that there will be no distribution of surplus in the current half year in respect of goods to be imported from countries other than United States of America, Canada and Portugal.

(Sd.) M. H. MAHMOOD,
Dy. Chief Controller of Imports.
Arya Bhavan, Graham Road,
Bombay, the 18th February 1946. 6726

NOTICE

THE SAHYADRI INSURANCE CO., LTD., NASIK.

THE SEVENTH MEETING of the Policy-holders of the Company will be held at its Registered Office on Saturday the 25th May, 1946, at 5 p.m. (S.T.) to transact the following business:

(1) To elect five Directors to represent the Policy-holders on the Board of Directors.

(2) To recommend Auditors for appointment by the Shareholders.

Applications with full name, address and policy particulars from eligible Policy-holders (holding otherwise than as assignees policies insuring either a total sum of not less than rupees three thousand or annuities of a total amount of rupees two hundred and fifty, such policies being in force for not less than three years) signifying their assent to accept Office, if elected, should, by Registered Post, reach the Head Office of the Company not less than two months before the date of the Meeting.

Only and all persons holding policies issued by the Company which are in force for not less than six months as at the date of meeting and holding certificates of admission shall be eligible to attend and vote at the Meeting. Applications for certificates should reach the Company not less than two months before the date of Meeting.

Votes for the election of Directors may be given at the Meeting either personally or by proxy. The instrument appointing the proxy should be in the prescribed form and must be presented at the Head Office of the Company not less than one month before the date of the Meeting.

For item (2) Policy-holders whose policies have been in force for at least three months will also be eligible for admission.

G. G. SOUNDANKAR,
Managing Director.
Nasik, Dated 18th Feb. 1946. (6727)

NOTICE

The Divisional Engineer, G. I. P. Railway, Bombay invites tender upto 3 P. M. on 1-3-1946 for 'Improvements to Water Supply to Menials quarters at Dockyard Road'. The form of tender, schedule and conditions of contract can be had from his office on payment of Rs. 2/- per set. Plans for the work will be supplied on an additional payment of Rs. 3/- per being made. These sums will not be refunded. 6732

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

NOTICE

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank will be CLOSED from FRIDAY, 1st March to SATURDAY, 23rd March, 1946, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
A. J. DOCTOR,
Secretary. 6729

1-WEEK DANTON SHORTHAND

Only 4 rules. 6 easy Lessons. First Lesson Free: Danton Shorthand School, (St Albans), New Road, Post Box 43, Delhi 8.

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT THAKORDWAR, GIRGAUM ROAD.

Under instructions from Messrs. Malvi Ranchhoddas & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of Moreshwar Atmaram Talpade the Mortgagor, and pursuant to the power of sale reserved under the Indenture of Mortgage dated the 29th day of November, 1943, M/s. BENNETT & Co. will sell by public auction today MONDAY, the 18th February, 1946, at 4 P.M. (S.T.) the undermentioned at the premises.

1. All that piece of Pension and Tax land admeasuring about 173 Sq. Yds. with building standing thereon, bearing Municipal "C" Ward No. 4284, St. Nos. 319A and 319 and bounded on the North by the property of Dr. V. R. Parulkar, on the South and East by the property of Atmaram Narayan Talpade and on the West by Thakordwar Girgaum Rd.

2. All that piece of Pension and Tax land admeasuring about 805 Sq. Yds. with buildings standing thereon, bearing Municipal "C" Ward Nos. 4281, 82, 83 and 83A, St. Nos. 321, 321A, 321B and bounded on the East by the property of Hari Bawas Ram Mandir, on the West by Girgaum Rd., on the North by the property of Atmaram Narayan Talpade and ors., and on the South by Dhuswadi Lane.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the abovenamed Solicitors or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF BIG LOTS OF LOW CHAIRS, TEAPOYS, CHAIRS, CHESTERFIELD SUITES, NAVA BEDS ETC.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, Bombay as Receiver, appointed in suit No. 1995 of 1945 (Cowie v/s Warden) Messrs. Bennett & Co. will on Friday, the 22nd instant. at 11-30 A. M. (S. T.) sell by Public Auction at their auction rooms the abovementioned furniture.

On view from 21st inst.

BENNETT & Co.

Under instructions from the B. B. & C. I. Railway and in accordance with the provisions of Sections 55 and 56 of the Indian Railways Act No. IX of 1890, MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction at the risk of the owners on Wednesday the 6th March 1946 at 2 p.m. (S.T.) at Carnac Bridge Goods Depot booked and unbooked goods.

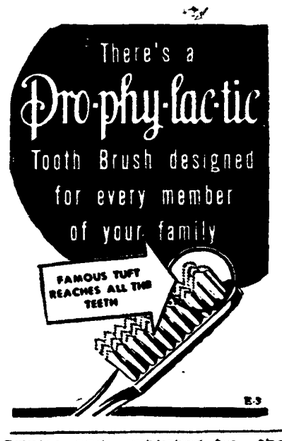
MENESSE & CO.,

AUCTION SALE OF CHRYSLER CAR No. B. M. W. 1045, 8 cyl. by order of the Official Assignee of Bombay. Assignee of the Insolvent Dharamsey Tricumdas on Wednesday 20th February 1946, at 4-30 P. M. (S. T.), at Winbridge Compound, Sleater Rd. Grant Rd. Terms 25 per cent deposit.

OPPORTUNITY TO HOUSE-BUILDERS & CONTRACTORS

Auction Sale of 326 tons Country Teak, 65 tons Coniferous teak, and 121 tons Jungle wood, by order of the Regional Disposals Commissioner, on Thursday 21st. February, 1946, at 10-30 A. M. (S. T.), at Government Port Timber Salvage Depot, Reay Road, Mazagaon. Terms: 25 per cent deposit or full cash, and delivery in 21 days.

CRAWFORD & CO., Ph. 20521



TATA AIR LINES

FLY

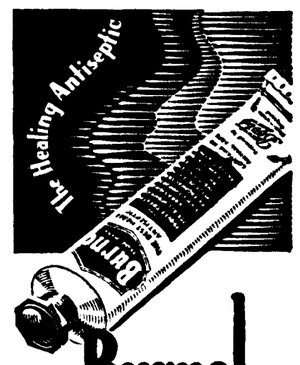
TO

HYDERABAD
MADRAS
COLOMBO
AHMEDABAD
KARACHI
DELHI

DAILY SERVICES
Definite Bookings
at

TATA AIR LINES
TRAFFIC DEPARTMENT
Tel. 24598
ESPLANADE MANSIONS
ESPLANADE RD. BOMBAY
Open 24 hours
OR
ANY TRAVEL AGENT

Copyright: Tata Sons Ltd. [WT(B)]LTD.



Burnol

THE HEALING ANTISEPTIC

Burnol is the ideal preparation for the treatment of all minor injuries and septic conditions generally.

Obtainable from all reputable chemists.

WHOLESALE INQUIRIES TO

BOOTS PURE DRUG CO. LTD.

P.O. Box 2073 CALCUTTA

P.O. Box 460 BOMBAY — Boots — P.O. Box 158 & COCHIN

•Modern in Design.
•Foremost in quality
•Pleasing appearance.
•High efficiency
•Long & Noiseless service.

available on Govt. Controlled Prices

EASTERN ELECTRIC WORKS LTD.

Jullundur City: (Punjab)

Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co Ltd by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.